

USER MANUAL | **MODELS:**

SWT3-41-H 4x1 4K Auto Switcher

SWT3-21-H 2x1 4K Auto Switcher







Contents

Introduction	1
Getting Started	1
Overview	2
Typical Applications	3
Defining SWT3-41-H and SWT3-21-H	4
SWT3 21 H, SWT3-41-H / Front Panel	4
SWT3 21 H, SWT3-41-H Rear Panel	5
Mounting SWT3-41-H/SWT3-21-H	6
Connecting SWT3-21-H	7
Connecting Output to a Balanced/Unbalanced Stereo Audio Acceptor	8
Connecting to SWT3-41-H via RS-232	8
Operating and Controlling SWT3-41-H	9
Principles of Operation	9
Using Front and Rear Panel Buttons	11
Operating via Ethernet	11
Using Embedded Web Pages	15
Operation	17
Settings	19
Setting Device Properties	22
Setting Control Gateway Properties	28
Diagnostics Administration	39 40
Viewing the About Page	40 44
Technical Specifications Default Communication Parameters	45
Default Communication Parameters	46 46
Protocol 3000	49
Understanding Protocol 3000 Protocol 3000 Commands	49 50
Result and Error Codes	50 65
	00

Introduction

Welcome to Kramer Electronics! Since 1981, Kramer Electronics has been providing a world of unique, creative, and affordable solutions to the vast range of problems that confront the video, audio, presentation, and broadcasting professional on a daily basis. In recent years, we have redesigned and upgraded most of our line, making the best even better!



This user manual describes **SWT3-41-H** and **SWT3-21-H**. These devices are identical except for the number of their inputs. Note that whenever **SWT3-41-H** is used in the user manual, it also refers to **SWT3-21-H**, unless specified otherwise. (A device is named specifically only when a device-specific feature is described).

Getting Started

We recommend that you:

- Unpack the equipment carefully and save the original box and packaging materials for possible future shipment.
- Review the contents of this user manual.

Go to <u>www.kramerav.com/downloads/</u><u>SWT3-41-H</u> or <u>www.kramerav.com/downloads/SWT3-21-H</u> to check for up-to-date user manuals, application programs, and to check if firmware upgrades are available (where appropriate).

Achieving Best Performance

- Use only good quality connection cables (we recommend Kramer high-performance, high-resolution cables) to avoid interference, deterioration in signal quality due to poor matching, and elevated noise levels (often associated with low quality cables).
- Do not secure the cables in tight bundles or roll the slack into tight coils.
- Avoid interference from neighboring electrical appliances that may adversely influence signal quality.
- Position your Kramer SWT3-41-H away from moisture, excessive sunlight and dust.

Safety Instructions



Caution:

- This equipment is to be used only inside a building. It may only be connected to other equipment that is installed inside a building.
- For products with relay terminals and GPI\O ports, please refer to the permitted rating for an external connection, located next to the terminal or in the User Manual.
- There are no operator serviceable parts inside the unit.



Warning:

- Use only the power cord that is supplied with the unit.
- To ensure continuous risk protection, replace fuses only according to the rating specified on the product label which is located on the bottom of the unit.

Recycling Kramer Products

The Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive 2002/96/EC aims to reduce the amount of WEEE sent for disposal to landfill or incineration by requiring it to be collected and recycled. To comply with the WEEE Directive, Kramer Electronics has made arrangements with the European Advanced Recycling Network (EARN) and will cover any costs of treatment, recycling and recovery of waste Kramer Electronics branded equipment on arrival at the EARN facility. For details of Kramer's recycling arrangements in your particular country go to our recycling pages at www.kramerav.com/il/quality/environment.

Overview

SWT3-41-H and **SWT3-21-H** are intelligent (4x1 and 2x1, respectively) automatic switchers for 4K60 4:4:4 HDMI video signals with plug and play user experience such as priority or last–connected auto-switching based on active video signal detection, and easy remote IP-driven management and control.

SWT3-41-H and **SWT3-21-H** provide exceptional quality, advanced and user-friendly operation, and flexible control.

Exceptional Quality

- Auto Switcher Ease of Use Automatically plays the switched source signal on the connected display according to user-configured preferences, such as priority or last-connected input.
 When the user manually switches, by pressing a button, the auto switching is overridden.
- HDMI Signal Switching HDCP 2.2 compliant, supporting deep color, x.v.Color™, CEC, lip sync, HDMI uncompressed audio channels, Dolby TrueHD, DTS–HD, 2K, 4K, and 3D as specified in HDMI 2.0.
- I–EDIDPro[™] Kramer Intelligent EDID Processing[™] Intelligent EDID handling, processing, locking and pass–through algorithm ensures plug & play operation for HDMI source and display systems.
- Multi–channel Audio Switching Up to 32 channels of digital stereo uncompressed signals for supporting studio–grade surround sound.
- Audio De-embedding The digital audio signal passing-through to the HDMI output, is deembedded, converted to an analog signal and sent to the stereo balanced analog audio output. This enables playing the audio on a locally connected professional audio system (such as DSP) and speakers, in parallel to playing it on the speakers connected to the AV acceptor device (such as TVs with speakers).

Advanced and User-friendly Operation

• Simple and Flexible Control - Remote IP-controller connection, browser operation webpage, local panel buttons, and remotely connected contact-closure buttons triggering configurable

operation functions, for easy and fully flexible user ports selection, signals routing, and switcher control.

- Display On/Off Operation —Meeting presentation is simplified by manually or automatically turning ON/OFF a CEC–enabled or serially-controlled display when the presentation source is plugged in / unplugged with user–defined shut–down delay.
- Comprehensive Unit Control and Configuration Options Local control via volume and mute panel buttons, and volume and mute contact closure switches. Distance control via userfriendly embedded web pages via the Ethernet, Protocol 3000 API commands via RS-232 serial communication transmitted by a PC, touch screen system or other serial controller.

Flexible Connectivity

- Built-in Intelligent Control Gateway Remote IP-driven intelligent control of connected HDMI and sensor devices via RS-232 or I/O. Eliminating the need for an external control gateway, this feature reduces installation complexity and costs, to enable easy integration with control systems, such as Kramer Control.
- Secured Operation Standard IT-grade 802.1x authentication for secured IT LAN connectivity operation.
- Easy Installation PoE powering via LAN port connection, and compact DemiTOOLS® fanless enclosure for user-reachable table mounting, or side-by-side mounting of 2 units in a 1U rack space with the recommended rack adapter.

Typical Applications

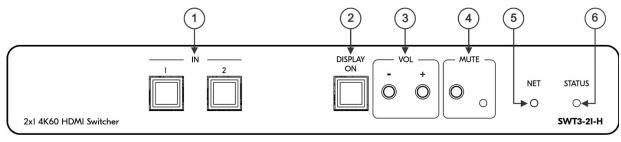
SWT3-41-H & SWT3-21-H is ideal for the following typical applications:

- Intelligent, high-quality auto switcher for any corporate or educational AV meeting solution.
- Controllable and manageable switching building-block for tailor-made meeting and training solutions.

Defining SWT3-41-H and SWT3-21-H

This section defines SWT3-41-H and SWT3-21-H front and rear panels.

SWT3 21 H, SWT3-41-H / Front Panel





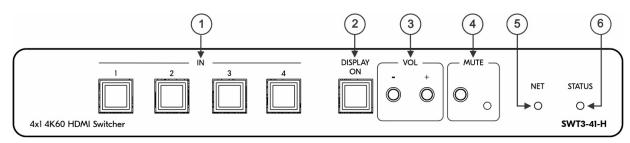


Figure 2: SWT3-41-H 4x1 4K Auto Switcher Front Panel

#	Feature		Function			
1) IN Buttons		Press to select an HDMI input (LED button lights orange). (2 for SWT3-41-H, 4 for SWT3-21-H).			
2	DISPLAY C	N Button	Press to turn display On (LED button lights orange) or Off.			
3	VOL Push	-	Press to decrease audio output volume.			
	Buttons	+	Press to increase audio output volu	Press to increase audio output volume.		
4	MUTE	Push Button	Press to MUTE the audio output an	Press to MUTE the audio output and press again to UNMUTE.		
		LED	Lights red when audio output is muted.			
(5)	5 NET LED		LED Status	Indicates		
			Dark	No IP address acquired.		
			Lights green	A valid IP address has been acquired.		
			Flashes green for 60s	A means to identify the device in a system, using command #IDV.		
			Flashes red/green	IP fallback address has been acquired.		
(6)	6 STATUS LED		LED Status	Indicates		
			Dark	Power is off		
			lights white	PSU-powered on (only). Note: This is applicable when power supply is PoE mode.		
			Lights green	Power is on and an active source and acceptor are connected.		

Lights blue	Power is on and an active source is connected.
-------------	--

SWT3 21 H, SWT3-41-H Rear Panel

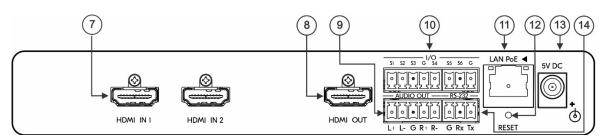


Figure 3: SWT3-21-H Auto Switcher Rear Panel

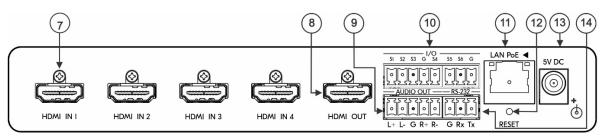


Figure 4:**SWT3-41-H** 4x1 4K Auto Switcher Rear Panel

#	Feature	Function
$\overline{7}$	HDMI IN Connectors	Connect to an HDMI source (2 for SWT3-41-H, 4 for SWT3-21-H).
8	HDMI OUT Connector	Connect to an HDMI acceptor.
9	AUDIO OUT 5-pin Terminal Block Connector	Connect to a balanced stereo audio acceptor.
10	Terminal block Connector	Connect to:
	(S1-S6)	 Input-triggering devices (for example, remote buttons or sensors), OR
		 Output-triggered devices (for example, remote alarm LED indication).
		These GPIO ports may be configured as a digital input, digital output, or analog input ports.
(11)	ETHERNET RJ-45 Connector	Connect to LAN to accept power, control and manage the device.
(12)	RESET Recessed Button	For restoring factory default settings, press the RESET button and connect power to device (keep pressing longer than 6sec after power connection)
(13)	5V DC Power Connector	Connect to the power supply and to the mains electricity.
(14)	RS-232 3-pin Terminal Block Connector	Connect to an RS-232 controller.

Mounting SWT3-41-H/SWT3-21-H

This section provides instructions for mounting **SWT3 21 H, SWT3-41-H**. Before installing, verify that the environment is within the recommended range:



- Operation temperature 0° to 40°C (32 to 104°F).
- Storage temperature -40° to $+70^{\circ}$ C (-40 to $+158^{\circ}$ F).
- Humidity 10% to 90%, RHL non-condensing.



Caution:Mount

• Mount SWT3-41-H before connecting any cables or power.



Warning:

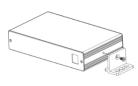
- Ensure that the environment (e.g., maximum ambient temperature & air flow) is compatible for the device.
- Avoid uneven mechanical loading.
- Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used for avoiding overloading of the circuits.
- Reliable earthing of rack-mounted equipment should be maintained.
- Maximum mounting height for the device is 2 meters.

Mount SWT3-41-H in a rack:

 Use the recommended rack adapter (see <u>www.kramerav.com/product/ SWT3-41-H</u> / <u>www.kramerav.com/product/SWT3-21-H</u>).

Mount SWT3-41-H on a surface using one of the following methods:

- Attach the rubber feet and place the unit on a flat surface.
- Fasten a bracket (included) on each side of the unit and attach it to a flat surface. For more information go to <u>www.kramerav.com/downloads/</u> <u>SWT3-41-H</u> / <u>www.kramerav.com/downloads/SWT3-21-H</u>.

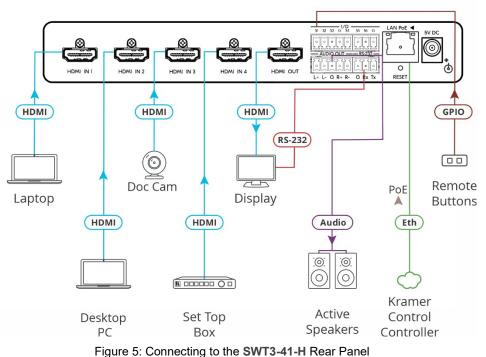


Connecting SWT3-21-H



Since the main difference between **SWT3-41-H** and **SWT3-21-H** are the number of inputs, from this section on, any description of **SWT3-41-H** applies also to SWT3-41-H**SWT3-21-H**, unless stated otherwise.

Always switch off the power to each device before connecting it to your **SWT3-41-H**. After connecting your **SWT3-41-H**, connect its power and then switch on the power to each device.

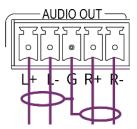


To connect SWT3-41-H as illustrated in the example in Figure 5:

- 1. Connect an HDMI source to the HDMI IN connectors (7) for example, Connect:
 - A laptop to HDMI IN 1.
 - A desktop PC to HDMI IN 2.
 - Document Camera to HDMI IN 3.
 - A Set top box to HDMI IN 4.
- 2. Connect HDMI OUT to an HDMI acceptor (8) (for example, a display).
- 3. Connect AUDIO OUT to a balanced stereo audio acceptor (9) (for example, Kramer **Tavor 5-O** active speakers).
- Connect remote contact-closure buttons to I/O terminal block connectors (10), and configure buttons function, for example to select an input (see <u>Configuring I/O (GPIO)</u> <u>Ports</u> on page <u>32</u>).
- 5. To serially control the display, connect the RS-232 port (14) to the display.
 - Send serial commands from LAN-connected Kramer controller (11) (for example SL-240C) to the display via control gateway.

Connecting Output to a Balanced/Unbalanced Stereo Audio Acceptor

The following are the pinouts for connecting the output to a balanced or unbalanced stereo audio acceptor:



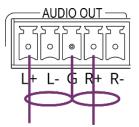
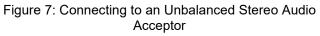


Figure 6: Connecting to a Balanced Stereo Audio Acceptor



Connecting to SWT3-41-H via RS-232

You can connect to SWT3-41-H via an RS-232 connection (14) using, for example, a PC.

SWT3-41-H features an RS-232 3-pin terminal block connector allowing the RS-232 to control SWT3-41-H.

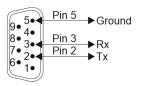
Connect the RS-232 terminal block on the rear panel of SWT3-41-H to a PC/controller, as follows:

From the RS-232 9-pin D-sub serial port, connect:

- Pin 2 to the TX pin on the SWT3-21-H RS-232 terminal block. •
- Pin 3 to the RX pin on the SWT3-21-H RS-232 terminal block. •
- Pin 5 to the G pin on the SWT3-21-H RS-232 terminal block. •



SWT3-41-H



RS-232 G Rx Tx



Operating and Controlling SWT3-41-H

Principles of Operation

This section covers the following topics:

Flexible SWT3-41-H Auto Switching Policy on page 9.

Routing IP-Driven Control Signals via Built-in Control Gateway on page 10.

Flexible SWT3-41-H Auto Switching Policy

Set the switching policy to:

- Manual Select an input manually and switching occurs whether a live signal is present on the input or not.
- Auto Auto Switching selection is performed according to either the Last Connected or the Priority policy.

In Last Connected policy:

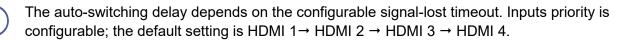
- If a signal is plugged in this mode, SWT3-41-H will switch to it.
- If the signal on the current input is lost, SWT3-41-H automatically selects the last connected input.



The auto-switching delay depends on the configurable signal-lost timeout.

In Priority policy:

- If a signal with a higher priority than the current one is plugged in this mode, SWT3-41-H will switch to it.
- When the input sync signal is lost for any reason, the input with a live signal and next in priority is selected automatically.





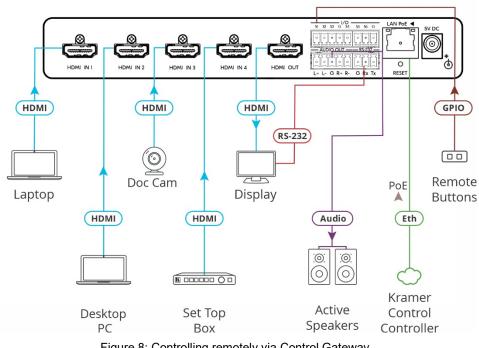
In both Last Connected and Priority modes, manually selecting an input (using the front panel, remote or web UI input select button) overrides automatic selection.

Routing IP-Driven Control Signals via Built-in Control Gateway

Remote IP connected clients can send from the LAN, via the **SWT3-41-H** built-in control gateway, CEC, RS-232 and I/O commands, and receive responses and notifications, to control devices connected to **SWT3-41-H** HDMI-OUT, RS-232 and I/O control ports. The built-in control gateway sends the control commands (converted from the client received IP messages) to the connected controlled devices, and distributes the responses received from the connected controlled devices to all connected clients.

<u>Figure 8</u> shows the **SWT3-41-H** built-in control gateway connection. The Kramer Control controller is connected to the switcher via LAN, sends IP commands to the switcher control gateway over the LAN connection, to send control messages to, and receive control responses from:

• The display connected to the HDMI output (CEC) and the RS-232 port.



• The Occupancy Detector & Select In Button connected to the switcher via the I/O ports.

Figure 8: Controlling remotely via Control Gateway

Built-in control gateway activation, activation of the associated control ports and their attributes (such as the CEC logical address of the control gateway), as well as manual commands testing operation, is done via **SWT3-41-H** control gateway webpages (see <u>Setting</u> <u>Control Gateway Properties</u> on page <u>28</u>).

Using Front and Rear Panel Buttons

SWT3-41-H front and rear panel buttons enable the following actions:

- Selecting an INPUT.
- VOL buttons to increase or decrease the buttons.
- MUTE to mute/unmute the audio output.
- Turning the display on or off via the DISPLAY ON or sending on or off commands that are configured via the UI (see <u>Controlling the Display</u> on page <u>31</u>).
- Resetting device to its factory settings (for additional instructions on resetting and resetting device (see <u>Resetting and Restarting Device</u> on page <u>24</u>).

Operating via Ethernet

You can connect to SWT3-41-H via Ethernet using either of the following methods:

- Directly to the PC using a crossover cable (see <u>Connecting Ethernet Port Directly to a</u> <u>PC</u> on page <u>11</u>).
- Via a network switch or router, using a straight-through cable (see <u>Connecting Ethernet</u> <u>Port via a Network Switch</u> on page <u>13</u>).



If you want to connect via a router and your IT system is based on IPv6, speak to your IT department for specific installation instructions.

Connecting Ethernet Port Directly to a PC

You can connect the Ethernet port of **SWT3-41-H** directly to the Ethernet port on your PC using a crossover cable with RJ-45 connectors.



This type of connection is recommended for identifying **SWT3-41-H** with the factory configured default IP address.

After connecting SWT3-41-H to the Ethernet port, configure your PC as follows:

- 1. Click Start > Control Panel > Network and Sharing Center.
- 2. Click Change Adapter Settings.

3. Highlight the network adapter you want to use to connect to the device and click **Change** settings of this connection.

The Local Area Connection Properties window for the selected network adapter appears as shown in (Figure 9).

📱 Local Area Connection Properties 📃 💌		
Networking Sharing		
Connect using:		
Intel(R) 82579V Gigabit Network Connection		
Configure This connection uses the following items:		
Client for Microsoft Networks		
Microsoft Network Monitor 3 Driver		
QoS Packet Scheduler		
File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks		
Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)		
Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)		
Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver		
Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder		
Install Uninstall Properties		
Description		
TCP/IP version 6. The latest version of the internet protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.		
OK Cancel		

Figure 9: Local Area Connection Properties Window

- 4. Highlight either Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) or Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) depending on the requirements of your IT system.
- 5. Click Properties.

The Internet Protocol Properties window relevant to your IT system appears as shown in **Error! Reference source not found.** or **Error! Reference source not found.**

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties				
General Alternate Configuration				
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.				
Obtain an IP address automatical	lly			
O Use the following IP address:				
IP address:				
Subnet mask:				
Default gateway:				
Obtain DNS server address auton	matically			
Ouse the following DNS server add	dresses:			
Preferred DNS server:				
Alternate DNS server:	· · ·			
Validate settings upon exit	Advanced			
	OK Cancel			

Figure 10: Internet Protocol Version 4 Properties Window

Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv	6) Properties	? <mark>×</mark>	
General			
You can get IPv6 settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IPv6 settings.			
Obtain an IPv6 address autom	atically		
Ouse the following IPv6 address	:		
IPv6 address:			
Subnet prefix length:			
Default gateway:			
 Obtain DNS server address au 	tomatically		
OUse the following DNS server a	ddresses:		
Preferred DNS server:			
Alternate DNS server:			
Validate settings upon exit	Adva	anced	
	OK	Cancel	

Figure 11: Internet Protocol Version 6 Properties Window

6. Select **Use the following IP Address** for static IP addressing and fill in the details as shown in **Error! Reference source not found.**.

For TCP/IPv4 you can use any IP address in the range 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.255 (excluding default 192.168.1.39 fallback address) that is provided by your IT department.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties				
General				
You can get IP settings assigned auton this capability. Otherwise, you need to for the appropriate IP settings.				
Obtain an IP address automatical	y			
• Use the following IP address:				
IP address:	192.168.1.2			
Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0			
Default gateway:	1			
Obtain DNS server address autom	natically			
• Use the following DNS server add	resses:			
Preferred DNS server:				
Alternate DNS server:	· · ·			
Validate settings upon exit				
	OK Cancel			

Figure 12: Internet Protocol Properties Window

- 7. Click **OK**.
- 8. Click Close.

Connecting Ethernet Port via a Network Switch

You can connect the Ethernet port of **SWT3-41-H** to the Ethernet port on a network switch or router using a straight-through cable with RJ-45 connectors.

Configuring Ethernet Port

You can set the Ethernet parameters via the embedded Web pages.

Discovering and acquiring IP address

SWT3-41-H includes IP address auto-acquiring policy via LAN-connected DHCP server by default. When no DHCP server is detected, a fallback static IP address of 192.168.1.39, and 255.255.255.0 subnet mask (class C), is assigned until an IP address is acquired via the DHCP server.

For more information, refer to Product Page Technical Note in <u>www.kramerav.com/product/SWT3-41-H</u>.

Using Embedded Web Pages

SWT3-41-H enables you to configure settings via Ethernet using built-in, user-friendly web pages. The Web pages are accessed using a Web browser and an Ethernet connection.



You can also configure **SWT3-41-H** via Protocol 3000 commands (see <u>Protocol 3000</u> <u>Commands</u> on page <u>50</u>).

Before attempting to connect:

- Perform the procedure in (see <u>Operating via Ethernet</u> on page <u>11</u>).
- Ensure that your browser is supported.

Operating Systems	Browser
Windows 7	Chrome
Windows 10	Edge
	Chrome
Мас	Safari
iOS	Safari
Android	N/A

The following operating systems and Web browsers are supported:

If a web page does not update correctly, clear your Web browser's cache.

Check that Security/firewalls are not blocking HTTP traffic between the device and the user PC.

To access the web pages:

 Enter the IP address of the device in the address bar of your internet browser (default = 192.168.1.39).

If security is enabled, the Login window appears.

Sign in		
http://192.168.54.30 Your connection to this site is not private		
Username	Admin	
Password		
	Sign in Cancel	

Figure 13: Embedded Web Pages Login Window

2. Enter the Username (default = Admin) and Password (default = Admin) and click **Sign in**. The default web page appears.

Ø	kramer	SWT3-41-	Н	
»	1	Routing		
14			Outputs	
AUTO			OUTPUT-P	
AV				
80	Inputs	INPUT-PO● HDMI 1	AV Audio-Video	
#		INPUT-PO HDMI 2		
@		INPUT-PO● HDMI 3		
0				
0		INPUT-PO● HDMI 4		
	Analo	g output volume (dB) 🜓	1 50

Figure 14: AV Settings Page

3. Click the arrow at the top of the navigation list to view the menu items in detail.

kramer SWT3-41	-H	
≪ ✓ OPERATION	Routing	Outputs
✓ SETTINGS		OUTPUT-P
AV Audio Video	INPUT-PO.	AV Audio-Video
🕮 Device 📫 Control gateway	INPUT-PO. HDMI 2	•
✓ DIAGNOSTICS ☑ Status	INPUT-PO. HDMI 3	•
ADMINISTRATION Security	INPUT-PO. HDMI4	•
i About	Analog output volu	me (dB) 4)-100 15

Figure 15: Navigation pane in Detail

4. Click the Navigation Pane on the left side of the screen to access the relevant web page.

SWT3-41-H web pages enable performing the following actions:

- <u>Operation</u> on page <u>17</u>.
- <u>Settings</u> on page <u>19</u>.
- <u>Setting Device Properties</u> on page <u>22</u>.
- <u>Setting Control Gateway Properties</u> on page <u>28</u>.
- <u>Diagnostics</u> on page <u>39</u>.
- <u>Administration</u> on page <u>40</u>.
- <u>Viewing the About Page</u> on page <u>44</u>.

Operation

Routing AV Signals

This section details the following actions:

- Routing an Input to an Output on page <u>17</u>.
- <u>Setting Analog Audio Output Level</u> on page <u>18</u>.

Routing an Input to an Output

Route any of the 4 inputs to the output.

To route the inputs to the output:

1. Go to the Routing Settings page.

Ro	uting		
		Outputs	
		OUTPUT-P	
Inputs	INPUT-PO● HDMI 1	AV Audio-Video	
	INPUT-PO HDMI 2		
	INPUT-PO● HDMI 3		
	INPUT-PO HDMI 4		
Analog	output volume (dB) 🐠	15 0

Figure 16: Routing Page

- 2. Perform the following functions:
 - Click an Input/Output cross-point.

A green light on a button indicates a connected source/acceptor.

To select the button, make sure to click the text within the square.

AV Audio-Video

Click to stop/play the video.

An input is routed to the output.

Setting Analog Audio Output Level

To set the audio output level:

- 1. Go to the Routing Settings page.
- 2. Under Analog Outputs click 🜒.

3. Set the audio level using the slider next to Analog output volume (dB, from -100 to 15).

Audio level is set.



Figure 17: Setting Audio Output Level

Video inputs are routed to the outputs.

Settings

This section details the following actions:

- <u>Auto Switching Properties</u> on page <u>19</u>.
- <u>Configuring AV Signals Settings</u> on page <u>21</u>.
- <u>Managing EDID</u> on page <u>22</u>.

Auto Switching Properties

Setting the AV Auto-Switching Policy

- 1. Go to the Auto switching page.
- 2. Next to the Selection Mode drop-down box, select the auto switching policy: **Manual**, **Last Connected** or **Priority**.

Switching policy is set.

To change input priorities:

- 1. Go to the Auto switching page.
- 2. Next to the Selection Mode drop-down box, select Priority.

3. Click and drag an input between high and low to change the priorities.

Auto switchir	ıg					
VIDEO						
Selection Mode	Priority	*				
High		Low				
HDM USB-C 1	HDMI 3					
Drag to change the priority.						
CANCEL	SET VIDEO					

Figure 18: Changing Input Priorities

4. Click SET VIDEO.

Input priorities are set.

Configuring AV Signals Settings

SWT3-41-H enables configuring the device audio and video settings.

To configure audio and video settings:

1. Go to the Audio Video Settings page. The Audio Video Settings page appears.

Audio Video					
SETTINGS					
	HDMI Input 1	HDMI Input 2	HDMI Input 3	HDMI Input 4	HDMI Output 1
Label	INPUT-PORT-1-HDMI	INPUT-PORT-2-HDMI	INPUT-PORT-3-HDMI	INPUT-PORT-4-HDMI	OUTPUT-PORT-1-HDN
HDCP	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Always On
Color Depth Force 8Bits	Disable	Disable	Disable	Disable	 Follow Input
Force LPCM 2CH	Disable	Disable	Disable	Disable	
Force RGB on Output	Disable	De-Embedded Audio Output	Forward ARC		
Device Auto-Unmute on volume change	Disable				
Auto Sleep Delay	Enable				
No input signal Delay output 5V power-off for	900 sec 🗘				

Figure 19: Audio Video Settings

- 2. Perform the following actions:
- Label Change the name of an input or the output as it appears on the Routing page and EDID management page.
- HDCP For the inputs, select the Yes (default) /No switch to enable/disable HDCP for that input. For the output, select Always On to keep HDCP enabled or Follow Input (default) to define the output HDCP setting according to the active input.
- Color Depth Force 8Bits Enable or Disable (default) on each input.
- Force LPCM 2CH Enable or Disable (default) on each input.
- Force RGB on Output Enable or Disable (default).
- Device Auto-Unmute on volume change When enabled (default), changing the volume will auto-unmute the audio output.
- Auto Sleep Delay When no input signal is detected, the device automatically goes into sleep mode, and output is set to off. When this setting is enabled (default), it delays sleep mode for an amount of time specified in the next setting.
- No input signal (active when Auto Sleep Delay is enabled) Set the number of seconds (30 to 60,000 seconds; default = 900 seconds) after there is no signal detected, until the device goes into sleep mode. Click SET TIMEOUT after defining this setting.

Audio and video settings are configured.

Managing EDID

SWT3-41-H enables you to copy an EDID from one of several different sources to the inputs.

To copy the EDID to the inputs:

1. Go to the EDID Management page.

Q	kramer	SWT3-41-H										
» 		EDID > EDID Settings										
 与		EDID Settings	SOURCE									
		Outputs OUTPUT-P 💘				Custom	Inputs INPUT-POR	INPUT-POR	INPUT-PC	DR	INPUT-PO	IR
#						EDID Upload file	SWT3-41-H 1920x1080 Audio 256 🎛	SWT3-41-H 1920x1080 Audio 256	SWT3-41-H 1920x1080 Audio	256 🎟	SWT3-41-H 1920x1080 Audio	256 🎟
•						Default SWT3-41-H 1920x1080 Audio						
0						256 🎟						
		STEP 2: SELECT	DESTINATION									
		Select all	INPUT-PO	INPUT-PO	INPUT-PO							
		SWT3-41-H 1920x1080 Audio	SWT3-41-H 1920x1080 Audio	SWT3-41-H 1920x1080 Audio	SWT3-41-H 1920x1080 Audio							

Figure 20: EDID Management Page

- 2. Under Step 1, select the EDID source (the output, any of the inputs, default or custom EDID.
- 3. Under Step 2, select one or more inputs as the destination for copying the EDID.
- 4. Click COPY EDID.

The EDID is copied.

Setting Device Properties

This section details the following actions:

- <u>Device Profile and Maintenance</u> on page <u>22</u>.
- <u>Settings Networking Properties</u> on page <u>26</u>.
- <u>Setting Time and Date</u> on page <u>27</u>.

Device Profile and Maintenance

Changing Device Name

SWT3-41-H enables you to change the DNS name of the device.

To change the device name:

1. Go to the Device > General page.

Ø	kramer SV	VT3-41-H		
»	Device	e > General		
•4	٥	General	🛞 Network	Time and Date
AV	Device	Name	SWT3-41-H-0000	
ED	Model	:	SWT3-41-H	
	Serial N	Number	0	
##	Firmwa	are Version	1.0.64551 <u>Update</u>	
Ø				
•	GLOB	BAL SYSTEM SETT	INGS	
0				
	DEVI	ICE RESTART	EXPORT	P FLAG ME
	FAC	TORY RESET	IMPORT	

Figure 21: Device > General Page

2. Under General Preferences, change the device name and click SAVE.

The device name is changed.

Upgrading Firmware

To upgrade the device firmware:

- 1. Go to the **Device > General** page (Figure 21).
- 2. Under General, click **Update**, open the relevant firmware file, and follow the instructions. The upgrade takes approximately 30-60 seconds.
 - During FW upgrade, the device continues to operate, but the device UI and protocol 3000 communication are inactive. When device restarts, the status LED is lit, and HDMI output signal is disconnected until restart completes.

Firmware is updated.

Firmware Upgrade		
1 Uploading (Firmware)	2 Upgrading	3 Restarting

Figure 22: Firmware Upgrade Process

Resetting and Restarting Device

Two types of resets can be performed:

- Restart Reboots your device and keeps all your device settings, including the IP address and password.
- Reset Reboots your device and restores all factory settings including input/output definitions, switching configuration, IP address and password (a DHCP-acquired IP address is retained).

To restart the device:

Click DEVICE RESTART on the Device > General page (Figure 21).

To perform a factory reset on the device, use one of the following actions:

- Click FACTORY RESET on the Device > General page (Figure 21).
- Using protocol 3000 commands, send FACTORY command then RESET commands.
- On the rear panel, press and hold the RESET button while connecting the power for several seconds.

Exporting and Importing a Configuration File

SWT3-41-H enables you to export and store (in connected browsing PC storage) a configuration file, that records all current device settings except the routing operation setup. The stored file can then be imported to the same or different **SWT3-41-H** device to load the recorded settings, for configuration backup and/or solution-replication purposes.

Exporting a Configuration File

To export a configuration file of the current device settings:

- 1. Go to the **Device > General** page (Figure 21).
- 2. Under Global System Settings, click EXPORT.
- 3. Select the storage location on your computer to save the configuration file and click **SAVE**.

The configuration file is exported and saved.

Importing a Configuration File

To import a configuration file of the current device settings:

- 1. Go to the **Device > General** page (Figure 21).
- 2. Under Global System Settings, click IMPORT.
- 3. Select the relevant configuration file from your computer storage and click **SAVE**.

The configuration file is imported and the device restarts with the settings from the configuration file.

Identifying Your Device

To identify the device:

- 1. Go to the **Device > General** page (Figure 21).
- 2. Under Global System Settings, click **FLAG ME**. NET LED flashes.

FLAG ME indication turns off after 60 seconds.



The device is identified by the discovery system.

Settings Networking Properties



By default, DHCP is set to on. The IP address shows the actual IP address acquired from the DHCP server, or the auto-acquired fallback IP address when there is no DHCP server detection.

To configure network settings:

- 1. Go to the **Device > General** page (Figure 21).
- 2. Select the Network tab.

The network page appears.

Device > Network		Device > Network	
🅸 General	🛞 Network	🌣 General	🛞 Network
DHCP	On	DHCP	Off
MAC Address	da-50-90-44-7a-86	MAC Address	da-50-90-44-7a-86
IP Address	192,168, 1, 39	IP Address	192,168, 1 , 39
Mask Address	255,255,255,0	Mask Address	255,255,255,0
Gateway Address	192,168, 0 , 1	Gateway Address	192,168,0,1

Figure 23: Device Settings > Network Page (DHCP On/DHCP Off)

3. Change settings as needed.

If required, Set to **DHCP** (default) or static IP address resolution modes.

- 4. When in Static IP mode, perform the following actions:
 - Change the IP address.
 - Change the Mask address.
 - Change the Gateway address.

Network settings are defined.

Setting Time and Date

You can sync the device time and date to any server around the world.

To sync device time and date to a server:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Device**. The General tab in the Device page appears.
- 2. Select the **Time and Date** tab. The Time and Date tab appears.

kramer	SWT3-41-H		
»	Device > Time and Date		
•12	🅸 General	🛞 Network	🐻 Time and Date
AUTO			
AV	Date	7/26/2925	
E00	Time	13:48:38	
	Time Location	(GMT+00:00) Greenwic 🔻	
‡ ‡	Daylight Savings Time	Yes No	
	Use Time Server (NTP)	Disabled 🗸	
•	Time Server Address	129 6 15 30	
0	Server Status	• Unreachable 🗘	
	Sync Every Day at (0-23)	0	
	CANCEL		

Figure 24: Device Settings – Time and Date Tab

- 3. Set the Date and Time.
- 4. Select the Time Location.
- 5. In the Use Time Server (NTP) drop-down box, click:
 - **Disabled** to disable the time server.
 - Manual to enable time server (NTP).
- 6. If enabled, type in server information:
 - Enter the time server address.
 - Set sync frequency (every 0 to 23 days).
- 7. Click SAVE for any change.

The devices date and time are synchronized to the server address entered.

Setting Control Gateway Properties

This section details the following actions:

- <u>Setting Serial Port Properties</u> on page <u>28</u>.
- <u>Configuring I/O (GPIO) Ports</u> on page <u>32</u>.
- <u>Defining and Testing Commands via Action Editor</u> on page <u>36</u>.
- <u>Defining CEC Gateway Settings</u> on page <u>37</u>.
- <u>Associating CEC Commands to DISPLAY ON/OFF</u> on page <u>37</u>.

Setting Serial Port Properties

SWT3-41-H enables configuring the RS-232 port in one of the following ways:

- <u>Controlling the SWT3-41-H</u> on page <u>28</u>.
- <u>Controlling an External Device</u> on page <u>29</u>.
- <u>Controlling the Display</u> on page <u>31</u>.

Controlling the SWT3-41-H

To set the RS-232 port to control the device:

1. Go to the Control Gateway page. The Serial Ports tab appears.

»	Control gateway > Serial Por	rts	
*	👎 Serial Ports	1 ₀ IO	> Action Editor
AV	SERIAL PORT PROP	ERTIES	
8	Device Serial Mode	RS-232	
#	Tunneling	Control	Gateway Display ON
—	Serial configuratio	n	
Ø	Parity	None	.
•	Data Bits	8	.
0	Baud Rate	115200	.
	Stop Bits	1	



- 2. Next to Tunneling, select **Control**.
- 3. Click SAVE.

RS-232 port controls the SWT3-41-H.

Controlling an External Device

Control an external device via an IP-connected Controller (for example **SL-240C** that is connected via LAN)

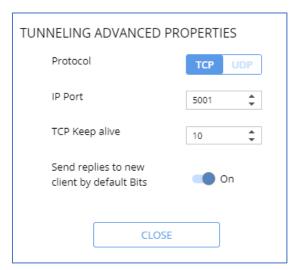
To set the RS-232 port to control an external device:

- 1. Go to the Control Gateway page. The Serial Ports tab appears.
- 2. Next to Tunneling, select Gateway.

	Control gateway > Serial Port	s	
	🖣 Serial Ports	10 10	>∃ Action Editor
AV	SERIAL PORT PROPE	RTIES	
	Device Serial Mode	RS-232	
#	Tunneling	Control	ateway Display ON
	Serial configuration	l	
	Parity	None	·
•	Data Bits	8	•
•	Baud Rate	115200	
	Stop Bits	1	•

Figure 26: RS-232 as Gateway

- 3. Define the external device RS-232 settings (Parity, Data Bits, Baud Rate and Stop Bits).
- 4. Click SAVE.



The TUNNELING ADVANCED PROPERTIES settings tab appears.

Figure 27: Setting Advanced Tunneling Properties

- 5. Select either TCP or UDP port.
- 6. Click up/down arrows to select IP Port.
- 7. Click up/down arrows to select desired seconds for TCP Keep alive.
- 8. Press to toggle ON Send replies to new clients by default Bits.
- 9. Click CLOSE.
- 10. Click SAVE.

RS-232 port controls an external device.

Controlling the Display ON

Control an external device via a Controller (for example SL-240C that is connected via LAN)

To set the RS-232 port to control an external device:

- 1. Go to the Control Gateway page. The Serial Ports tab appears.
- 2. Next to Tunneling, select **Display ON**.

	Cont	rol gateway > Serial Ports			
*4		Serial Ports	1 ₀ 10	>=	Action Editor
ALTO					
AV		SERIAL PORT PROPERTIES	5		
60		Device Serial Mode	RS-232		
		T			
#		Tunneling	Control	Gateway	Display ON
		Serial configuration			
Ø		Parity	None	•	
•		Data Bits	8	*	
•		Baud Rate	115200	*	
		Stop Bits	1	•	

Figure 28: RS-232 Control for Display on/off

- 3. Define the display RS-232 settings (Parity, Data Bits, Baud Rate and Stop Bits).
- 4. Click SAVE.

In addition, configure specific display commands via Action Editor (see <u>Defining and Testing</u> <u>Commands via Action Editor</u> on page <u>36</u>) and associate DISPLAY ON/OFF commands (see <u>Associating CEC Commands to DISPLAY ON/OFF</u> on page <u>37</u>).

RS-232 port is set to control the display on/off.

Configuring I/O (GPIO) Ports

The 6 I/O ports can control devices such as sensors, door locks, remote contact-closure buttons, audio volume and lighting control devices and can be configured via the webpages.



To enable I/O operations, Remote Button must be set to Off.

To configure an I/O port:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Control Gateway**. The Serial Ports tab in the Device Settings page appears.
- 2. Select the IO tab. The IO tab appears.

😡 kı	ramer S	5WT3-41-H						
»	Cor	ntrol gateway > 10						
•12		🖷 Serial Ports 🔤	0 10	>=	Action Editor	4	CEC	O Display On
AUTO								
AV	<u>IO 1</u>	IO 1 PROPERTIES						
800	IO 2	2						
	IO 3	Remote Button	Off					
	IO 4	State ON		State OFF				
# #	10 5	5 🛈 None	*	None	*	Momer	ntary	
	10.6	5						
Ø		I/O Type	A	nalog Input	Digital Input	Digital Output		
		Pull-up Resistor		Disabled			,	
•		Pull-up Resistor		Disabled				
		Threshold VDC Rang	ge Low	/: 800	* *	High: 2200	* *	
0								
		Read Current Step	: Low V	oltage: 0mV				

Figure 29: I/O Ports Settings Page

- 3. Select the I/O port to be configured (IO 1 to IO 6).
- 4. Select one of the following I/O types:
 - Digital Input (default setting) (see <u>Configuring a Digital Input I/O Type</u> on page <u>33</u>).
 - Digital Output (see <u>Configuring a Digital Output I/O Type</u> on page <u>33</u>).
 - Analog Input. (see <u>Configuring an Analog Input I/O Type</u> on page <u>35</u>).

The settings available on the page change depending on which trigger type is selected.

5. Click **SAVE** after setting the selected I/O type.

Configuring a Digital Input I/O Type

The Digital Input trigger mode reads the digital input of an external sensor device that is connected to the I/O port. It detects High (upon passing Max threshold from Low state) or Low (upon passing Min threshold from High state) port states according to the user defined voltage threshold levels.

To configure a digital input I/O type:

- On the GPIO page, select **Digital Input** next to I/O Type. The Digital Input options appear (<u>Figure 31</u>).
- 2. Select one of the following for the Pull-up resistor setting:
 - Disabled

Suitable, for example, for a high temperature alarm that exceeds the maximum voltage threshold. When the pull-up resistor is disabled, the port state is low and to be triggered it must be pulled high by the externally connected sensor.

- Enabled Detection of an open circuit as High, or a short to ground as Low. This is suitable for example, for a pushbutton switch (connecting one terminal of the switch to ground, and the other to the input) or for an alarm closing a circuit that activates a series of actions. When the pull-up resistor is enabled, the port state is high, and to be triggered it must be pulled low by the externally connected sensor.
- 3. Set the Threshold VDC Low and High Range (threshold voltage at which the port changes state).
- 4. Click **Read** to refresh port status information.
- 5. Click SAVE.

Digital input I/O type is configured.

Configuring a Digital Output I/O Type

To configure a digital output I/O type:

1. On the GPIO page, select Digital Output next to I/O type. A warning message appears.

🔥 Warning	
When selecting Digital Output and the pull-up resistor	is disabled , you must install a current-limiting resistor to prevent damage to the port.
	ок

Figure 30: Digital Output Warning

2. Make sure to follow the instructions in this warning.

3. Click **OK**. The Digital Output options appear.

i∰ S	erial Ports	1 <u>0</u> IO	>=	Action Editor		11L	C
<u>IO 1</u>	IO 1 PROPERT	IES					
10 2		_					
IO 3	Remote Button	Off					
10 4	State ON		State OFF	_			
IO 5	None	Ψ	None	.	Momentary		
IO 6							
	I/O Type		Analog Input	Digital Input	Digital Out	tput	
	Pull-up Resistor	r	Disabled				
	Current Status		Low				

Figure 31: GPIO Settings Page – Digital Output I/O Type

- 4. Select one of the following for the Pull-up resistor setting:
 - Pullup resistor set to **Enabled**:

The port can be used for controlling devices that accept a TTL signal such as for powering LEDs. The voltage output is TTL positive logic: high: >2.4V; low: < 0.5V. When the pull-up resistor is enabled, the port state is high. For the state to be low, you must select **Low** for the Current Status.

• Pullup resistor **Disabled**:

The port is used for controlling external devices such as room or light switches. The external source device determines the voltage output; the maximum voltage is 30V DC and the maximum current is 100mA.

When the pull-up resistor is disabled, the port state is low. For the state to be high, select **High** for the Current Status.

Make sure that the current in this configuration does not exceed 100mA.

5. Click SAVE.

Digital Output I/O type is configured.

Configuring an Analog Input I/O Type

When selectin the Analog Input I/O type, the port is triggered by an external analog device, such as a volume control device. The trigger is activated once when the detected voltage is within the 0 to 30V DC voltage range.

To configure an analog input I/O type:

1. On the GPIO page, select Analog Input next to I/O type.

0 2 0 3 Remote Button Off 0 4 State ON State OFF 0 5 None Momentary						
O 3 Remote Button Off O 4 State ON O 5 None O 6 WO Ture	10 1	IO 3 PROP	ERTIES			
0 4 0 5 0 6 State ON None State OFF None Momentary	IO 2					
0 5 None None Momentary	IO 3	Remote But	tton 🔵 Off			
0.6	IO 4	State ON	S	tate OFF		
	IO 5	1 None	- N	lone	.	Momentary
I/O Type Analog Input Digital Input Digital Output	IO 6					
		I/O Type		Analog Input	Digital Input	Digital Output
Maximum Reported Steps: 1		Maximum F	Reported Steps:	1	÷	

Figure 32: GPIO Port Settings Page Analog Input

- Enter or use the arrows to scroll to a value (1–100) for the Maximum reported steps. This value is the number of steps that the analog input signal is divided into. To calculate the voltage of each step, use the following formula: Voltage of one step = 30V / number of steps.
- 3. Click SAVE.

Analog input I/O type is configured.

Defining and Testing Commands via Action Editor

Use action editor to create and test control commands via CEC or UART interfaces. You can create up to 5 commands.

To add an action:

- 1. In the navigation pane, select **Control Gateway**. The Serial Ports tab opens.
- 2. Select the Action Editor tab. The Action Editor appears.

Control gateway > Action Editor				
🛱 Serial Ports	10 10	> Action Edit	or It CEC	O Display On
Command_01 custom command	ACTION PROPERTIE	S		
custom command custom command	Command Id	0		
custom command	Command Name	Command_	_01	
	Port	CEC	•	
	Command			
	450 characters left			
	Syntax (like CEC-SND	<i>command): <port_< i=""></port_<></i>	num>, <cmd_id>, <cmd_name< td=""><td>e>, <len>, <cec_command></cec_command></len></td></cmd_name<></cmd_id>	e>, <len>, <cec_command></cec_command></len>
	RUN COMMAND			
CANCEL				

Figure 33: Action Editor Tab

- 3. Select a command name on the left side of the window.
- 4. Change the command name, if required.
- 5. Select the port (CEC or UART).
- 6. Enter the appropriate command line, such as one of the following Display On sample commands:
 - For CEC 1,1,tv-on,2,E004



The command to power on a TV can vary depending on the specific TV model and manufacturer. However, above is a common example of a standard command to power on a TV.

- For RS232 PON
- 7. Click SAVE.
- 8. Click **RUN COMMAND** to run the command test.

An action is entered and can be run.

Defining CEC Gateway Settings

SWT3-41-H built-in CEC gateway enables IP control of control system, via CEC messages, on HDMI connected devices to the selected input and the output port. The Members address list shows the logical addresses of connected CEC-enabled devices.



By-default, CEC gateway is enabled.

To disable CEC gateway feature:

- 1. In the navigation pane, select **Control Gateway**. The Serial Ports tab opens.
- 2. Select the CEC tab. The CEC Gateway page appears.
- 3. Click CEC gateway **OFF**.

Kramer	SWT3-41-H			
»	Control gateway > CEC			
-4	🖣 Serial Ports	1010	>∃ Action Editor	표 CEC
	656	~ ~ ~~		
AV	CEC gateway	Off Off		
E00	Members Address List	14	\$	
# #				

Figure 34: CEC Gateway Enable/Disable Tab

CEC gateway is disabled.

You can view the logical addresses of CEC-enabled devices that are connected via HDMI output port to SWT3-41-H and click **Refresh** to refresh the list.

Associating CEC Commands to DISPLAY ON/OFF

Configure CEC or RS-232 commands to send via DISPLAY ON button.

To add an action:

1. In the navigation pane, select **Control Gateway**. The Serial Ports tab opens.

2. Select the **Display On** tab. The Display ON settings appears.

Ŧ	Serial Ports		1010		>∃ Action Editor	금는 CEC	O Display
	te ON splay on(via CEC)	Ŧ	State OFF select HDMI2 input	•	Momentary		

Figure 35: Action Editor Tab

- 3. Define the State On and State Off commands, either as CEC or RS-232 commands.
- 4. Check **Momentary** for the button to send a command on the press of a button.
- 5. Click SAVE.

DISPLAY ON button is configured.

Diagnostics

Viewing Device Status

View the device status.

To view the device status:

- 1. In the navigation pane, select **Status**.
- 2. Select the **Devices** tab. The Devices Status appears.

🚫 kramer	SWT3-41-H	
»	Status > Devices	
B ¹ E	Devices	
AUTO		
AV	DEVICE STATUS	
EDID	Overall	Active
÷÷	INPUT SIGNAL STATUS	
@ 	1.HDMI	• Off
• • • •	2.HDMI	• Off
0	3.HDMI	 Off
	4.HDMI	• Off
	OUTPUT STATUS	
	HDMI	 Off

Figure 36: Device Status Page

3. View device status.

Device status can be viewed.

Administration

Setting Security Properties

This section details the following actions:

- <u>Changing Security Status</u> on page <u>40</u>.
- <u>Defining 802.1X Authentication</u> on page <u>41</u>.

Changing Security Status

By default, security status is set to On.

Setting Security Status to Off

To set security status to Off:

- 1. Go to the Security page.
- 2. Select the Security tab. The Security settings appears (Figure 37).

kramer	SWT3-41-H		
»	Security > Security		
••	Security	🛈 802.1X	
AV	SECURITY STATUS	On	
EDID	Current Password		<u>Change</u>
‡‡			
•			

Figure 37: Security – Security Tab

3. Set **SECURITY STATUS** to **Off**. The Security Status window appears.

Security Status Would you like to disat	ble security?
Enter password to disab	le the security.
CANCEL	ОК

Figure 38: Security Status Message

- 4. Enter the current password.
- 5. Click **OK**.

Security status is set to Off.

Setting Security Status to On

To set security status to on:

- 1. Go to the Security > Security (Figure 37).).
- 2. Set SECURITY STATUS to On.

Security status is set to On.

Changing Web Pages Access Password

To change the password for accessing the embedded web pages:

- 1. Go to the Security page (Figure 37).
- 2. Select the Security Tab. The Security settings appear (Figure 39).
- 3. Enter the Current Password and click **Change**. The new password settings appear.

SECURITY STATUS	On	
Current Password	•••••	<u>Change</u>
New Password		
Confirm Password		
CANCEL		

Figure 39: Device Settings – Changing the Password

4. Enter the new password and confirmation password and click **SAVE**.

The password is changed.

Defining 802.1X Authentication

802.1x security standard supports IT networking authentication based on LAN port and MAC address.

To configure security:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Security**. The Security settings tab in the Security page appears.
- 2. Select 802.1X tab. The 802.1X settings tab appears (see (Figure 40).

😡 krai	mer SWT3-41-H	
»	Security > 802.1X	
•4	Security	🗘 802.1X
AV AV	IEEE 802.1X AUTHENTICA	TION Deff

Figure 40: 802.1X Tab

- 3. For 802.1x authentication, click **ON** to enable 802.1x authentication service. 802.1x supports authentication based on port and MAC address.
- 4. When set to ON check one standard authentication method to set its security attributes.
 - PEAP-MSCHAP V2 (Figure 41) Enter:
 - Username up to 24 alphanumeric characters, including "_" and "-" characters within the username, and
 - · Password up to 24 ASCII characters

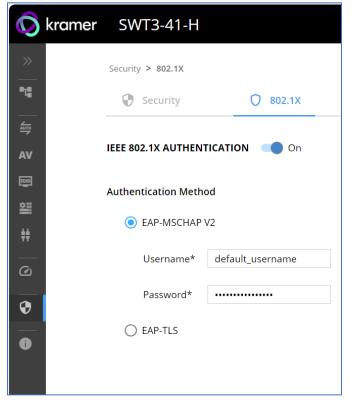


Figure 42: Security Tab – EAP-MSCHAP V2 Authentication

- **EAP-TLS** (Figure 43) To submit certificate from the server for authentication:
 - Enter Username,
 - Click 1 to upload the certificates and keys,
 - Enter the private key password (assigned by IT administrator),
 - Set Server Certificate On

Security > 802.1X		
Security	0 802.1X	
IEEE 802.1 X AUTHENTICATIO	N 🛑 On	
Authentication Method		
O EAP-MSCHAP V2		
EAP-TLS		
Username]
Client Certificate		•
Private Key	•	₽
Private Key Password	*****]

Figure 44: EAP-TLS – Certificates and Password

5. Click APPLY.

802.1x authentication security is configured.

Viewing the About Page

View the firmware version and Kramer Electronics Ltd details in the About page.

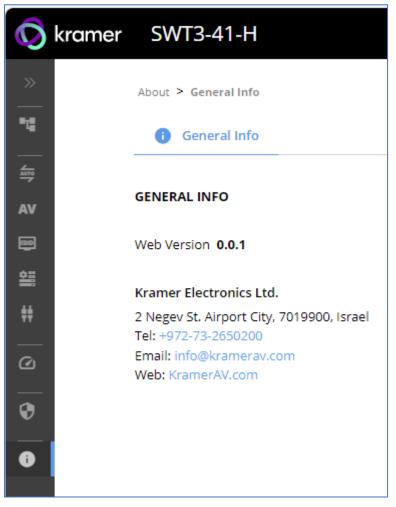


Figure 45: About Page

Technical Specifications

Inputs	SWT3-41-H: 4 HI	OMI	On a female HDMI connector
	SWT3-21-H: 2 HDMI		
Outputs	1 HDMI		On a female HDMI connector
	1 Balanced Stere	o Line Level	On a 5-pin terminal block connector
Ports	1 RS-232		On a 3-pin terminal block
	6 GPIO		On an 8-pin terminal block connector
	1 PoE-accepting	Ethernet	On an RJ-45 female connector
Video	Max Data Rate		18Gbps bandwidth (6Gbps per graphic channel)
	Max Resolution		4K@60Hz (4:4:4) resolution
	Content Protection	n	HDCP 2.2
	HDMI Support		Deep Color, 3D, HDR as specified in HDMI 2.0b
Analog Audio	Max Output Signa	al Level	9.47dBu / 3.26Vp
	Impedance		500Ω
	Bandwidth		0.4dB
	THD + N:		-91dB , 0.003%
	Coupling		DC
Power	Power Adapter	Source	5V DC, 4A
		Consumption	SWT3-21-H (0.53A)
			SWT3-41-H (0.82A)
	PoE	Consumption	SWT3-21-H (90mA) ,
			SWT3-41-H (120mA)
		Max. Power	SWT3-21-H (4.32W)
			SWT3-41-H (5.76W)
Environmental	Operating Tempe	rature	0° to +40°C (32° to 104°F)
Conditions	Storage Tempera	ture	-40° to +70°C (-40° to 158°F)
	Humidity		10% to 90%, RHL non-condensing
Regulatory	Safety		CE, UL
Compliance	Environmental		RoHs, WEEE
Enclosure	Size		DemiTOOLS
	Туре		Aluminum
	Cooling		Convection Ventilation
General	Net Dimensions (W, D, H)	19cm x 6cm x 2.7cm (7.5" x 2.4" x 1.1")
	Shipping Dimensions (W, D, H)		34.5cm x 16.5cm x 5.2cm
	Shipping Dimens	ions (W, D, H)	(13.6" x 6.5" x 2")
	Shipping Dimens Net Weight	ions (W, D, H)	
		ions (W, D, H)	(13.6" x 6.5" x 2")

Default Communication Parameters

RS-232						
Baud Rate:	Baud Rate:					
Data Bits:		8				
Stop Bits:		1				
Parity:		None				
Command Format:	Command Format:					
Example (Route video in	nput 2 to the output):	#ROUTE_1,1,2 <cr></cr>				
IP DHCP ON						
To reset the IP settings confirm	to the factory reset values go to: Menu->Setup	-> Factory Reset-> press Enter to				
IP Address:	192.168.1.39					
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0				
Default gateway:	192.168.0.1					
Default username:	Admin					
Default password:	Admin					
Full Factory Reset						
РЗК	"#FACTORY" command.					
	After receiving "FACTORY OK" perform one of the following to restart the device and complete the procedure:					
	Power cycle					
	Send command "#RESET"					
Embedded webpages	Go to: Device>General and click FACTOR	Y RESET				

Default EDID

Model name..... VS-411X Manufacturer..... KMR Plug and Play ID..... KMR1200 Serial number...... 295-883450100 Manufacture date...... 2018, ISO week 255 Filter driver..... None _____ EDID revision..... 1.3 Input signal type...... Digital Color bit depth..... Undefined Display type..... Monochrome/grayscale Screen size...... 520 x 320 mm (24.0 in) Power management...... Standby, Suspend, Active off/sleep Extension blocs...... 1 (CEA-EXT) _____ DDC/CI.....n/a Color characteristics Default color space..... Non-sRGB Green chromaticity...... Gx 0.188 - Gy 0.706 Blue chromaticity...... Bx 0.148 - By 0.064 White point (default).... Wx 0.313 - Wy 0.329 Additional descriptors... None Timing characteristics Horizontal scan range 30-83kHz Vertical scan range..... 56-76Hz Video bandwidth..... 170MHz CVT standard..... Not supported GTF standard..... Not supported Additional descriptors... None Preferred timing...... Yes Native/preferred timing.. 1920x1080p at 60Hz (16:9) Standard timings supported 720 x 400p at 70Hz - IBM VGA 720 x 400p at 88Hz - IBM XGA2 640 x 480p at 60Hz - IBM VGA 640 x 480p at 67Hz - Apple Mac II 640 x 480p at 72Hz - VESA 640 x 480p at 75Hz - VESA 800 x 600p at 56Hz - VESA 800 x 600p at 60Hz - VESA 800 x 600p at 72Hz - VESA 800 x 600p at 75Hz - VESA 832 x 624p at 75Hz - Apple Mac II 1024 x 768i at 87Hz - IBM 1024 x 768p at 60Hz - VESA 1024 x 768p at 70Hz - VESA 1024 x 768p at 75Hz - VESA 1280 x 1024p at 75Hz - VESA 1152 x 870p at 75Hz - Apple Mac II 1280 x 1024p at 75Hz - VESA STD 1280 x 1024p at 85Hz - VESA STD 1600 x 1200p at 60Hz - VESA STD 1024 x 768p at 85Hz - VESA STD 800 x 600p at 85Hz - VESA STD 640 x 480p at 85Hz - VESA STD 1152 x 864p at 70Hz - VESA STD 1280 x 960p at 60Hz - VESA STD

EIA/CEA-861 Information

Revision number...... 3 IT underscan..... Supported Basic audio..... Supported YCbCr 4:4:4..... Not supported YCbCr 4:2:2..... Not supported Native formats...... 1 Detailed timing #2..... 1920x1080i at 60Hz (16:10) Modeline...... "1920x1080" 74.250 1920 2008 2052 2200 1080 1084 1094 1124 interlace +hsync +vsync Detailed timing #3...... 1280x720p at 60Hz (16:10) Modeline...... "1280x720" 74.250 1280 1390 1430 1650 720 725 730 750 +hsync +vsync CE audio data (formats supported) LPCM 2-channel, 16/20/24 bit depths at 32/44/48 kHz CE video identifiers (VICs) - timing/formats supported 1920 x 1080p at 60Hz - HDTV (16:9, 1:1) [Native] 1920 x 1080i at 60Hz - HDTV (16:9, 1:1) 1280 x 720p at 60Hz - HDTV (16:9, 1:1) 720 x 480p at 60Hz - EDTV (16:9, 32:27) 720 x 480p at 60Hz - EDTV (4:3, 8:9) 720 x 480i at 60Hz - Doublescan (16:9, 32:27) 720 x 576i at 50Hz - Doublescan (16:9, 64:45) 640 x 480p at 60Hz - Default (4:3, 1:1) NB: NTSC refresh rate = (Hz*1000)/1001 CE vendor specific data (VSDB) IEEE registration number. 0x000C03 CEC physical address..... 1.0.0.0 Maximum TMDS clock...... 165MHz CE speaker allocation data Channel configuration.... 2.0 Front left/right...... Yes Front LFE..... No Front center..... No Rear left/right..... No Rear center..... No Front left/right center.. No Rear left/right center... No Rear LFE..... No Report information Date generated...... 26/08/2019 Software revision...... 2.60.0.972

Data source..... File - NB: improperly installed Operating system...... 6.2.9200.2

Raw data

00,FF,FF,FF,FF,FF,FF,00,2D,B2,00,12,00,00,00,0FF,1C,01,03,80,34,20,78,E2,B3,25,AC,51,30,B4,26, 10,50,54,FF,FF,80,81,8F,81,99,A9,40,61,59,45,59,31,59,71,4A,81,40,02,3A,80,18,71,38,2D,40,58,2C,

Protocol 3000

Kramer devices can be operated using Kramer Protocol 3000 commands sent via serial or Ethernet ports.

Understanding Protocol 3000

Protocol 3000 commands are a sequence of ASCII letters, structured according to the following.

Command format:

Prefix	Command Name	Constant (Space)	Parameter(s)	Suffix
#	Command	J	Parameter	<cr></cr>

Feedback format:

Prefix	Device ID	Constant	Command Name	Parameter(s)	Suffix
~	nn	Q	Command	Parameter	<cr><lf></lf></cr>

- **Command parameters** Multiple parameters must be separated by a comma (,). In addition, multiple parameters can be grouped as a single parameter using brackets ([and]).
- **Command chain separator character** Multiple commands can be chained in the same string. Each command is delimited by a pipe character (|).
- **Parameters attributes** Parameters may contain multiple attributes. Attributes are indicated with pointy brackets (<...>) and must be separated by a period (.).

The command framing varies according to how you interface with SWT3-41-H. The following figure displays how the # command is framed using terminal communication software (such as Hercules):

Hercules SETUP utility by HW-group.com		-		×
UDP Setup Serial TCP Client TCP Server UDP Test Mode About				
Received/Sent data				
Connecting to 192.168.110.54 Connected to 192.168.110.54 #~010 OK	Module IP		Port 5000	
	Pin	9	🗙 Discor	inect
	TEA auth TEA key 1: 0100 2: 0500 Authorizat	, 20304 3 50708 4	: 0904080 : 0D0E0F1	
		disable Received <u>t</u> r	est data	
	Redirect	t to UDP		
Send ##kcr>	Send		V gro	
	Send		HW-groups es SETUP •	_
☐ HEX	Send	N N	ersion 3	2.8

Protocol 3000 Commands

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example	
#	Protocol handshaking.	COMMAND		# <cr></cr>	
	(i) Validates the	# <cr></cr>			
	Protocol 3000	FEEDBACK			
	connection and gets the machine number.	~nn@_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>	-		
	Step-in master products use this command to identify the availability of a device.				
AUD-LVL	Set volume level.	COMMAND	io_mode -	Set AUDIO OUT level	
		#AUD-LVL_ io_mode,io_index,vol_level <cr></cr>	1 – Output	to -50.0dB:	
		FEEDBACK	io_index - 1	#AUD-LVL , 1, 1, - 50.0 <cr></cr>	
		~nn@AUD-LVL_io_mode,io_index,vol_level <cr><lf></lf></cr>	vol_level – Volume level -100db to 15dB:	50.0 <cr></cr>	
			++ (increase current value by 1dB);		
			(decrease current value by 1dB)		
AUD-LVL?	Get volume level.	COMMAND	io_mode -	Get AUDIO OUT level:	
		#AUD-LVL?_io_mode,io_index <cr></cr>	1 – Output	#AUD-LVL?_1,1 <cr></cr>	
		FEEDBACK	io_index - 1 vol level - Volume level -100db to		
		~nn@AUD-LVL_io_mode,io_index,vol_level <cr><lf></lf></cr>	15dB;		
AUD-LVL-	Get volume level min	COMMAND	io mode -	Get AUDIO OUT level	
RANGE?	and max range.	#AUD-LVL-RANGE?_ io_mode,io_index <cr></cr>	1 – Output	range:	
		FEEDBACK	io_index - 1	#AUD-LVL-	
		~nn@AUD-LVL-	$\min_{v=1} v=1 - 100 db$	RANGE?_1,1 <cr></cr>	
		<pre>RANGE_io_mode,io_index,min_val,max_val<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	<pre>max_val - 15dB</pre>		
AUD-MUTE	Set audio mute.	COMMAND	out_index -1	Set Output 1 to mute:	
		#AUD-MUTE_out_index,mute_mode <cr></cr>	mute_mode - On/Off	#AUD-MUTE_1,1 <cr></cr>	
		FEEDBACK	0 – Off		
		~nn@AUD-MUTE_out_index,mute_mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – On		
AUD-MUTE?	Set audio mute.	COMMAND	out index -1	Get Output 1 to mute:	
		#AUD-MUTE_out index <cr></cr>	mute_mode - On/Off	#AUD-MUTE_1,1 <cr></cr>	
		FEEDBACK	0 – Off		
		~nn@AUD-MUTE_out index, mute mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – On		
AUD-MUTE-	Set the auto audio	COMMAND	unmute status-	Set mute mode to be	
PERSIST	unmute status upon	#AUD-MUTE-PERSIST_unmute status <cr></cr>	0 – Mute state is not persistent and	persistent and not change	
	volume change.	FEEDBACK	changes upon volume change	upon volume change:	
	-	~nn@AUD-MUTE-PERSIST_unmute status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – Mute state is persistent upon	#AUD-MUTE-	
			volume change	PERSIST_1 <cr></cr>	
AUD-MUTE- PERSIST?	Get the auto audio	Get the auto audio unmute status.	COMMAND	unmute_status -	Get auto unmute status
PERSIST?	uninute status.	#AUD-MUTE-PERSIST?_ <cr></cr>	0 – Mute state is not persistent and changes upon volume change	upon volume change: #AUD-MUTE-	
		FEEDBACK	1 – Mute state is persistent upon	PERSIST?_ <cr></cr>	
		~nn@AUD-MUTE-PERSIST_unmute_status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	volume change		
AUD-SIG-TYPE	Set audio signal type	COMMAND	io_mode: -	Set the audio input maste	
		#AUD-SIG-TYPE_ io_mode,io_index,signal_type< CR>	0 – input 1 – output	signal type to analog: #AUD-SIG-	
		FEEDBACK	io index: -# that indicates the	TYPE_0,1,1 <cr></cr>	
		<pre>~nn@AUD-SIG-TYPE_io_mode,io_index,signal_type</pre>	specific input or output ports		
		<cr><lf></lf></cr>	1N (N= total number of input or		
			output ports)		
			signal_type: - 0-Forward) Embedded Audio)		
			1 – Arc		
AUD-SIG-	<mark>Get audio signal type</mark>	COMMAND	io_mode: -	Get the audio input maste	
TYPE?		#AUD-SIG-TYPE?_io_mode,io_index <cr></cr>	<mark>0 – input</mark>	signal type:	
		FEEDBACK	1 – output	#AUD-SIG-TYPE?, <cr></cr>	
		<pre>~nn@AUD-SIG-TYPE_io_mode,io_index<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	<pre>io_index: -# that indicates the specific input or output ports</pre>		
			1N (N= total number of input or		
	1		output ports)		
		COMMAND	interface - Interface ID - 0	Set the authentication	
	Set authentication		enable status-	802.1X feature on: #AUTH-802-1X-	
	802.1X feature for the	#AUTH-802-1X-ENABLE_ interface,enable_status <cr></cr>			
		FEEDBACK	0 – Off		
	802.1X feature for the	FEEDBACK ~nn@AUTH-802-1X-		ENABLE_0,1 <cr></cr>	
ENABLE	802.1X feature for the specific interface.	FEEDBACK ~nn@AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_interface,enable_status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0 – Off 1 – On	ENABLE_0,1 <cr></cr>	
AUTH-802-1X-	802.1X feature for the specific interface.	FEEDBACK ~nn@AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_interface,enable_status <cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr>	0 - Off 1 - On interface - Interface ID - 0	ENABLE_0, 1 <cr> Get the authentication</cr>	
ENABLE AUTH-802-1X-	802.1X feature for the specific interface. Get authentication 802.1X feature for the	FEEDBACK ~nn@AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_interface,enable_status <cr><lf> COMMAND #AUTH-802-1X-ENABLE?_interface<cr></cr></lf></cr>	0 - Off 1 - On interface - Interface ID - 0 enable_status -	ENABLE_0, 1 <cr> Get the authentication 802.1X feature status:</cr>	
ENABLE AUTH-802-1X-	802.1X feature for the specific interface.	FEEDBACK ~nn@ADTH-802-1X- ENABLE_interface,enable_status <cr><lf> COMMAND #AUTH-802-1X-ENABLE?_interface<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr>	0-Off 1-On interface - Interface ID - 0 enable_status - 0-Off	ENABLE_0,1 <cr> Get the authentication 802.1X feature status: #AUTH-802-1X-</cr>	
ENABLE AUTH-802-1X-	802.1X feature for the specific interface. Get authentication 802.1X feature for the	FEEDBACK ~nn@AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_interface,enable_status <cr><lf> COMMAND #AUTH-802-1X-ENABLE?_interface<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@AUTH-802-1X-</cr></lf></cr>	0 - Off 1 - On interface - Interface ID - 0 enable_status -	ENABLE_0, 1 <cr> Get the authentication 802.1X feature status:</cr>	
ENABLE AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE?	802.1X feature for the specific interface. Get authentication 802.1X feature for the specific interface.	FEEDBACK ~nn@AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_interface,enable_status <cr><lf> COMMAND #AUTH-802-1X-ENABLE?_interface<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_interface,enable_status<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr>	0-Off 1-On interface - Interface ID - 0 enable_status - 0-Off 1-On	ENABLE_0,1 <cr> Get the authentication 802.1X feature status: #AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE?_0<cr></cr></cr>	
ENABLE AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE? AUTH-802-1X-	802.1X feature for the specific interface. Get authentication 802.1X feature for the specific interface. Get Authentication	FEEDBACK ~nn@AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_interface,enable_status <cr><lf> COMMAND #AUTH-802-1X-ENABLE?_interface<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_interface,enable_status<cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr></cr></lf></cr>	0 - Off 1 - On interface - Interface ID - 0 enable_status - 0 - Off 1 - On interface - Interface ID - 0	ENABLE_0,1 <cr> Get the authentication 802.1X feature status: #AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE?_0<cr> 802 authentication is</cr></cr>	
ENABLE AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE? AUTH-802-1X-	802.1X feature for the specific interface. Get authentication 802.1X feature for the specific interface.	FEEDBACK ~nn@AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_interface,enable_status <cr><lf> COMMAND #AUTH-802-1X-ENABLE?_interface<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_interface,enable_status<cr><lf> COMMAND #AUTH-802-1X-OP-STAT_interface ID<cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr>	0-Off 1-On interface - Interface ID - 0 enable_status - 0-Off 1-On interface - Interface ID - 0 enable_status -	ENABLE_0,1 <cr> Get the authentication 802.1X feature status: #AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE?_0<cr> 802 authentication is running:</cr></cr>	
ENABLE AUTH-802-1X-	802.1X feature for the specific interface. Get authentication 802.1X feature for the specific interface. Get Authentication 802.1X operational	FEEDBACK ~nn@AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_interface,enable_status <cr><lf> COMMAND #AUTH-802-1X-ENABLE?_interface<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_interface,enable_status<cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr></cr></lf></cr>	0 - Off 1 - On interface - Interface ID - 0 enable_status - 0 - Off 1 - On interface - Interface ID - 0	ENABLE_0, 1 <cr> Get the authentication 802.1X feature status: #AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE?_0<cr> 802 authentication is</cr></cr>	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
AV-SW-MODE	Set input auto switch mode (per output).	COMMAND #AV-SW-MODE_layer_type,out_index,connection_mode <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	layer_type – Number that indicates the signal type: 1 – Video	Set the input audio switch mode to Manual for HDMI OUT:
		<pre>rnt@AV-SW-MODE_layer_type,out_index,connection_mode<c r=""><lf></lf></c></pre>	2- Audio out_index - 1 connection_mode - Connection mode 0 - manual 1 - priority switch 2 - last connected switch	#AV-SW-MODE_1,1,0 <cr></cr>
AV-SW-MODE?	Get input auto switch mode (per output).	<pre>COMMAND #AV-SW-MODE?_layer_type,out_index<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@AV-SW-MODE_layer_type,out_index,connection_mode<c r=""><lf></lf></c></cr></pre>	<pre>layer_type - Number that indicates the signal type: 1 - Video 2 - Audio out_index - 1 connection_mode - Connection mode 0 - manual 1 - priority switch 2 - last connected switch</pre>	Get the input audio switch mode for HDMI OUT: #AV-SW-MODE?_1,1 <cr></cr>
AV-SW- TIMEOUT	Set auto switching timeout.	COMMAND #AV-SW-TIMEOUT_switching_mode,time_out <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@AV-SW-TIMEOUT_switching_mode,time_out<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	 switching mode – Switching mode 0 – Video signal lost 1 – New video signal detected 4 – Disable 5V on video output if no input signal detected 5 – Video cable unplugged 7 – Video signal lost for signal routed as a result of a manual override action time out – Timeout in seconds 0 - 60000 	Set the auto switching timeout to 5 seconds in the event of 5V disable when no input signal is detected: #AV-SW-TIMEOUT_4,5 <cr< td=""></cr<>
AV-SW- TIMEOUT?	Set auto switching timeout.	COMMAND #AV-SW-TIMEOUT?_switching_mode <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@AV-SW-TIMEOUT_switching_mode,time_out<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	 switching_mode - Switching mode 0 - Video signal lost 1 - New video signal detected 4 - Disable 5V on video output if no input signal detected 5 - Video cable unplugged 7 - Video signal lost for signal routed as a result of a manual override action time_out - Timeout in seconds 0 - 60000 	Get the auto switching timeout in the event of 5V disable when no input signal is detected: #AV-SW-TIMEOUT?_4 <cr></cr>
BEACON-INFO?	Get beacon information, including IP address, UDP control port, TCP control port, MAC address, model, name.	COMMAND #BEACON-INFO?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@BEACON- INFO_port_id, ip_string, udp_port, tcp_port, mac_address, model, name<cr><if></if></cr></cr>	port_id - ID of the Ethernet port ip_string - Dot-separated representation of the IP address udp_port - UDP control port tcp_port - TCP control port mac_address - Dash-separated mac address model - Device model name - Device name	Get beacon information: #BEACON-INFO?_ <cr></cr>
BUILD-DATE?	Get device build date.	COMMAND #BUILD-DATE?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@BUILD-DATE_date,time<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	date - Format: YYYY/MM/DD where YYYY = Year MM = Month DD = Day time - Format: hh:mm:ss where hh = hours mm = minutes ss = seconds	Get the device build date: #BUILD-DATE? <cr></cr>
CEC-GW-PORT- ACTIVE	Set the CEC activation state.	<pre>COMMAND #CEC-GW-PORT- ACTIVE_direction_type,port_format,port_index,state<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-GW-PORT- ACTIVE_direction_type,port_format,port_index,state<cr><lf>'</lf></cr></cr></pre>	direction_type - Direction of the port_out port_format - Type of signal on the port_index - The port number: 1 state - Global gateway activation state: o 0 - as a passthrough o 1 - as a gateway	Activate CEC for the HDBaseT port as a passthrough: #CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE_i n, hdmi, 1, 0 <cr></cr>
CEC-GW-PORT- ACTIVE?	Get the CEC activation state.	COMMAND #CEC-GW-PORT- ACTIVE_direction_type,port_format,port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-GW-PORT- ACTIVE_direction_type,port_format,port_index,state<cr ><lf>'</lf></cr </cr>	direction_type - Direction of the port: out port_format - Type of signal on the port: hdbt port_index - The port number: 1 state - Global gateway activation state: 0 - as a passthrough 0 - as a gateway	Get the Activate CEC status for the HDBaseT port as a passthrough: #CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE_i n, hdmi,l <cr></cr>
CEC-MEMBERS?	Get list of CEC logical addresses.	COMMAND #CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<lal>,<la2><cr><le></le></cr></la2></lal></cr>	Port_index = 1 la = 1 to 15	Set gateway members: #CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up).	COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	cec_ntf- 0-Inactive 1-Active	Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1 <cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?	Get CEC notification activity status.	COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	cec_ntf- 0-Inactive 1-Active	Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_ <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
CEC-SND	Send CEC command to port.	COMMAND #CC- SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC- SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1-16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) cec_mode - CEC mode 0 - Sent 1 - Gateway disabled 2 - Inactive CEC-Master 3 - Busy 4 - Illegal Message Parameter 5 - Illegal CEC Address Parameter 6 - Illegal CEC Command 7 - Timeout 8 - Error com i.d - Machine dependent, * (get	Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV- OFF,2,e004 <cr></cr>
CON-ROUTE?	 Get damining port routing. This command sets tunneling port routing. Every com port can send or receive data from the ETH port. Set command can edit an existing configuration. 	<pre>#COM-ROUTE?_com_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@COM-ROUTE_com_id,port_type,port_id,eth_rep_en,pin g_val<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	all route tunnels) port_type - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP port_id - TCP/UDP port number eth_rep_en - Ethernet Reply 0 - COM port does not send replies to new clients 1 - COM port sends replies to new clients. ping_val - Send an empty string to TCP client every 0 to 3600 seconds. 0 - 3600	for all route tunnels: #COM-ROUTE?
CONF-EXPORT	Export configuration file	COMMAND #CONF-EXPORT_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CONF-EXPORTfilename<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	<pre>file_name - the name of the file we want to upload for the export.</pre>	Export configuration file: #CONF-EXPORT_ <cr></cr>
CONF-IMPORT	Export configuration file	COMMAND #CONF-IMPORT_file_name <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CONF-IMPORT_file_name<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	file_name - the name of the file we want to upload for the import.	Import configuration file: #CONF-IMPORTSWT3- 21-H-conf <cr></cr>
COUNTER?	Get the sent or received CEC messages count.	COMMAND #COUNTER?_category_id,sub_category_id <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@COUNTER_category_id,sub_category_id,count<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	category_id - CEC messages: 0 Sub_category_id - Type of message: 0 - Sent message 1 - Received message count - Number range: 0-65535	Get the number of sent messages: #COUNTER?_0, 0 <cr></cr>
COUNTER-CLR	Clear CEC messages.	COMMAND #COUNTER-CLR?_category_id,sub_category_clr <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@COUNTER- CLR_category_id,sub_category_id,count<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	category_id - CEC messages: 0 Sub_category_clr - Type of message to clear: 0 - Clear sent messages 1 - Clear received messages * - Clear all CEC messages	Clear all CEC messages: #COUNTER-CLR?_0, * <cr></cr>
CPEDID	Copy EDID data from the output to the input EEPROM. (1) Destination bitmap size depends on device properties (for 64 inputs it is a 64-bit word). Example: bitmap 0x0013 means inputs 1,2 and 5 are loaded with the new EDID. In certain products Safe_mode is an optional parameter. See the HELP command for its availability.	COMMAND #CPEDID_edid_io,src_id,edid_io,dest_bitmap <cr> or #CPEDID_edid_io,src_id,edid_io,dest_bitmap,safe_mode< CR> FEEDBACK ~nn@CPEDID_edid_io,src_id,edid_io,dest_bitmap<cr><lf> ~nn@CPEDID_edid_io,src_id,edid_io,dest_bitmap,safe_mo de<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr>	 edid_io - EDID source type (usually output) 0 - Input 1 - Output 2 - Default EDID 3 - Custom EDID src_id - Number of chosen source stage 0 - Default EDID source 1 - HDBaseT OUT or USB-C IN 2 - HDMI IN edid_io - EDID destination type 0 - Input dest_bitmap - Bitmap representing destination IDs. Format: XXXXX, where X is hex digit. The binary form of every hex digit represents corresponding destination. 1 - indicates that EDID data is not copied to this destination. 1 - indicates that EDID data is copied to this destination. safe_mode - Safe mode (optional parameter) 0 - device accepts the EDID as is without trying to adjust (default value if no parameter is sent) 1 - device tries to adjust the EDID 	Copy the EDID data from the HDBaseT Output to the HDMI Input: #CPEDID_1,1,0,0x1 <cr></cr>
CS-CONVERT	Set the "force RGB color space" convert mode.	<pre>COMMAND #CS-CONVERT_out_index,cs_mode<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CS-CONVERT_out_index,cs_mode<cr><lf>'</lf></cr></cr></pre>	out_index - The port number: 1 cs_mode - color space mode: o 0 - Color space pass (default) o 1 - Enable "force RGB color space" convert mode	Enable force RGB color space: #CS-CONVERT_1,1 <cr></cr>
CS-CONVERT?	Get the "force RGB color space" convert mode.	COMMAND #CS-CONVERT?_out_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CS-CONVERT_out_index,cs_mode<cr><lf>'</lf></cr></cr>	out_index - The port number: 1 cs_mode - color space mode: o 0 - Color space pass (default) o 1 - Enable "force RGB color space" convert mode	Get force RGB color space mode: #CS-CONVERT?_1 <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
DEV-STATE?	Get the device state.	COMMAND #DEV-STATE?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@DEV-STATE_dev_state<cr><lf>'</lf></cr></cr>	 dev_state - device state 0 - Active 1 - Power-on and no connected AV I/O ports (detecting cable connection faults) 2 - Power-on and standby (low power; cables are either connected or not) 	Get device status: #DEV-STATE? <mark>_<cr></cr></mark>
DISPLAY?	Get output HPD status.	COMMAND #DISPLAY?_out_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	out_index - Number that indicates the specific output: 1 status - HPD status according to signal validation 0 - Signal or sink is not valid 1 - Signal or sink is valid 2 - Sink and EDID is valid	Get the output HPD status of Output 1: #DISPLAY?_1 <cr></cr>
EDID-AUDIO	Set audio capabilities for EDID.	<pre>COMMAND #EDID-AUDIO_<direction_type>.<port_format>.<port_inde x="">.<signal_type>.<index>,audio_format<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@EDID-AUDIO_<direction_type>.<port_format>.<port_i ndex="">.<signal_type>.<index>,audio_format<cr><lf></lf></cr></index></signal_type></port_i></port_format></direction_type></cr></index></signal_type></port_inde></port_format></direction_type></pre>	<pre>The following attributes comprise the signal ID:</pre>	Set HDMI IN 2 audio capabilities for EDID (LPCM 6CH): #EDID-AUDIO_in.hdmi.2 .audio.1,2 <cr></cr>
EDID-AUDIO?	Get audio capabilities for EDID.	COMMAND #EDID-AUDIO?_ <direction_type>.<port_format>.<port_ind ex>.<signal_type>.<index><cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@EDID-AUDIO_audio_format<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></index></signal_type></port_ind </port_format></direction_type>	The following attributes comprise the signal ID: 	Get HDMI IN 2 audio capabilities for EDID: #EDID-AUDIO?_in.hdmi. 2.audio.1,2 <cr></cr>
EDID-DC	Force removal of deep color on EDID or leaving it as in the original EDID.	COMMAND #EDID-DC_in_index,deep_color_state <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@EDID-DC_in_index,deep_color_state<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	in_index - Number that indicates the specific input: 1 - Input 1 2 - Input 2 deep_color_state - 0 - Don't change 1 - Remove deep color	Remove deep color on EDID for input 1. #EDID-DC_1,1 <cr></cr>
EDID-DC?	Get deep color status on EDID.	COMMAND #EDID-DC?_in_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@EDID-DC_in_index,deep_color_state<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	in_index - Number that indicates the specific input: 1 - Input 1 2 - Input 2 deep_color_state - 0 - Don't change 1 - Remove deep color	Get deep color state on EDID for input 2. #EDID-DC?_2 <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
ETH-PORT	Set Ethernet port protocol.		<pre>port_type - TCP/UDP port_id - TCP/UDP port number</pre>	Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457:
		<pre>#ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></pre>	(0 – 65535)	#ETH-PORT_TCP,12457 <c< td=""></c<>
	 If the port number you enter is already in 	<pre>~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>		R>
	use, an error is returned.			
	The port number must			
	be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1).			
ETH-PORT?	Get Ethernet port	COMMAND	port_type - TCP/UDP	Get the Ethernet port
	protocol.	#ETH-PORT?_port_type <cr></cr>	<pre>port_id - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535)</pre>	protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_UDP <cr></cr>
	 If the port number you enter is already in 	FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id <cr><lf></lf></cr>	· · · ·	_
	use, an error is returned.			
	The port number must			
	be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1).			
ETH-TUNNEL?	Get an open tunnel	COMMAND	tunnel_id - Tunnel ID number, * (get	Set baud rate to 9600, 8
	parameters.	#ETH-TUNNEL?_tunnel_id <cr></cr>	all open tunnels) cmd_name – UART number	data bits, parity to none and stop bit to 1:
		FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-TUNNEL_tunnel id,cmd name,port type,port id,e	port_type - TCP/UDP	#ETH-TUNNEL?_* <cr></cr>
		th_ip,remote_port_id,eth_rep_en,connection_type <cr><l< td=""><td>0 – TCP 1 – UDP</td><td></td></l<></cr>	0 – TCP 1 – UDP	
		F>	port id – TCP/UDP port number	
			eth_ip - Client IP address	
			<pre>remote_port_id - Remote port number</pre>	
			eth_rep_en - Ethernet Reply	
			0 – COM port does not send replies to new clients	
			1 – COM port sends replies to new	
			clients connection type – Connection type	
			0 – not wired connection	
FACTORY	Reset device to factory	COMMAND	1 – wired connection	Reset the device to factory
INCIONI	default configuration.	#FACTORY <cr></cr>		default configuration:
	(i) This command	FEEDBACK		#FACTORY <cr></cr>
	deletes all user data from the device. The	~nn@FACTORY_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	deletion can take			
	some time.			
	Your device may require powering off			
	and powering on for			
	the changes to take effect.			
FW-TYPE?	Get the current FW	COMMAND	Fw_type -	Get the current FW type
	type status.	#FW-TYPE?_ <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	0 – Application 1 – Safe mode (kboot)	status: #FW-TYPE?_ <cr></cr>
	Used by Kramer Network and KUpload	~nn@FEATURE-LIST_fw type <cr><lf></lf></cr>		_
	to identify recovery			
GLOBAL-GW-	process. Set global gateway to	COMMAND	status - On/Off	Set global gateway off:
ACTIVE	active / inactive.	#GLOBAL-GW-ACTIVE_status <cr></cr>	ON – Active Off – Inactive	#AUDIO-BYPASS_OFF <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	OII – mactive	
	Cat alabal asteriouts	~nn@GLOBAL-GW-ACTIVE_status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	00/05	Cat slabel sateway off
GLOBAL-GW- ACTIVE?	Set global gateway to active / inactive.	COMMAND #GLOBAL-GW-ACTIVE? <cr></cr>	status – On/Off ON – Active	Get global gateway off: #AUDIO-BYPASS? <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	Off – Inactive	
		~nn@GLOBAL-GW-ACTIVE_status <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
GPIO-CFG	Set HW GPIO configuration.	COMMAND	gpio_id – Hardware GPIO number (1-	Set HW GPIO 1
	configuration.	<pre>#GPIO-CFG_gpio_id,gpio_type,gpio_dir,pullup<cr></cr></pre>	2) gpio_type – Hardware GPIO type	configuration: #GPIO-CFG_1,1,1,1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK ~nn@GPIO-CFG_gpio_id,gpio_type,gpio_dir <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0 – analog	
			1 – digital gpio dir – Hardware GPIO direction	
			0 – input	
			1 – output pullup – Enable/Disable pull-up	
			0- disable	
			1- enable	
GPIO-CFG?	Get HW GPIO configuration.	COMMAND #GPIO-CFG?_gpio id <cr></cr>	<pre>gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1- 2)</pre>	Get HW GPIO configuration: #GPIO-CFG?_1 <cr></cr>
	-	FEEDBACK	gpio_type - Hardware GPIO type	
		<pre>~nn@GPIO-CFG_gpio_id,gpio_type,gpio_dir<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	0 – analog 1 – digital	
			gpio_dir - Hardware GPIO direction	
			0 – input	
			1 – output pullup – Enable/Disable pull-up	
			0-disable	
			1 – enable	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
GPIO-STATE	Set HW GPIO state.	COMMAND	<pre>gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1- 2)</pre>	Set GPIO 2 to High:
	() GPIO-STATE? can	<pre>#GPIO-STATE_gpio_id,gpio_mode<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></pre>	gpio_mode - Hardware GPIO state	#GPIO-STATE_2,1 <cr></cr>
	only be set in digital out mode and the	~nn@GPIO-STATE_gpio_id,gpio_mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0 – Low 1 – High	
	answer is 0=Low, 1=High. In all other		i – riigii	
	modes an error			
	message is sent.			
	The device uses this command to notify the			
	user of any change			
	regarding the step and voltage in:			
	In digital mode the			
	answer is 0 (low), 1 (high).			
	In analog mode the answer is 0 to 100.			
GPIO-STATE?	Get HW GPIO state.		<pre>gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1- 2)</pre>	Get GPIO 2 state:
	GPIO-STATE? can	<pre>#GPIO-STATE?_gpio_id<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></pre>	gpio_mode - Hardware GPIO state	#GPIO-STATE?_2 <cr></cr>
	only be set in digital out mode and the	~nn@GPIO-STATE_gpio_id,gpio_mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0 – Low 1 – High	
	answer is 0=Low, 1=High. In all other			
	modes an error			
	message is sent.			
	The device uses this command to notify the			
	user of any change regarding the step and			
	voltage in:			
	In digital mode the			
	answer is 0 (low), 1 (high).			
	In analog mode the			
	answer is 0 to 100.			
GPIO-STEP	Set HW GPIO step.	COMMAND #GPIO-STEP_gpio id,step id <cr></cr>	<pre>gpio_id - HW GPIO number (1-2) step_id - The configuration step -</pre>	Set GPIO 2 (set to Analog In) configuration step to
	 In digital mode the response is 2. 	FEEDBACK	See note in description.	38mV: #GPIO-STEP_2,38 <cr></cr>
	In analog mode the	~nn@GPIO-STEP_gpio_id,step_id,currentstep <cr><lf></lf></cr>	depending on the measured voltage	#GP10-S1EP_2, 36\CK
	response is 1 to 100.			
	In other modes an			
GPIO-STEP?	error is returned. Get HW GPIO step.	COMMAND	gpio id – HW GPIO number (1-2)	Get GPIO 2configuration:
	(i) In digital mode the	#GPIO-STEP?_gpio_id <cr></cr>	step_id - The configuration step -	#GPIO-STEP? 2 <cr></cr>
	response is 2.	FEEDBACK	See note in description.	
	In analog mode the	~nn@GPIO-STEP_gpio_id,step_id,currentstep <cr><lf></lf></cr>	depending on the measured voltage	
	response is 1 to 100.			
	In other modes an error is returned.			
GPIO-THR	Set HW GPIO voltage	COMMAND	gpio_id – Hardware GPIO number (1-	Set GPIO 2 to a low level of
	levels.	<pre>#GPIO-THR_gpio_id,low_level,high_level<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></pre>	2) low_level - Voltage 500 to 28000	800mV and a high level of 2200mV:
		<pre>rn@GPIO-THR_gpio_id,low_level,high_level</pre>	millivolts high level – Voltage 2000 to 30000	#GPIO- THR_2,800,2200 <cr></cr>
			millivolts	
GPIO-THR?	Get HW GPIO voltage levels that were set.	COMMAND #GPIO-THR?_gpio id <cr></cr>	<pre>gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1- 2)</pre>	Get GPIO 2: #GPIO-THR?_2 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	low_level – Voltage 500 to 28000 millivolts	
		~nn@GPIO-THR_gpio_id,low_level,high_level <cr><lf></lf></cr>	high_level - Voltage 2000 to 30000	
GPIO-VOLT?	Get active voltage	COMMAND	millivolts gpio id – Hardware GPIO number (1-	Get GPIO 1 voltage:
	levels of HW GPIO.	GPIO-VOLT?_gpio_id <cr></cr>	2)	#GPIO-VOLT?_1 <cr></cr>
	(i) This command is	FEEDBACK	voltage – Voltage 0 to 30000 millivolts	
	not available in digital out mode.	~nn@GPIO-VOLT_gpio_id,voltage <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
HDCP-MOD	Set HDCP mode.		in_index - Number that indicates the	Set the input HDCP-MODE of HDMI IN to off:
	(i) Get HDCP working	<pre>#HDCP-MOD_in_index,mode<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></pre>	specific input: 1 – USB-C IN	HDCP-MOD_2,0 <cr></cr>
	mode on the device input:	<pre>recuback ~nn@HDCP-MOD_in_index,mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	2 – HDMI IN mode – HDCP mode:	
	HDCP supported –		0 – HDCP mode:	
	HDCP ON [default].		1 – HDCP On	
	HDCP not supported - HDCP OFF.		 2 – Follow Input 3 – HDCP defined according to the connected output 	
	HDCP support			
	changes following detected sink - MIRROR OUTPUT.			

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
HDCP-MOD?	Get HDCP mode.	COMMAND	in_index – Number that indicates the	Get the input HDCP-MODE
	(i) Get HDCP working	#HDCP-MOD?_in_index <cr></cr>	specific input: 1 – USB-C IN	of HDMIIN : #HDCP-MOD?_2 <cr></cr>
	mode on the device	FEEDBACK ~nn@HDCP-MOD_in index,mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	2 – HDMI IN	
	input:		mode – HDCP mode: 0 – HDCP Off	
	HDCP supported – HDCP ON [default].		1 – HDCP On	
	HDCP not supported -		2 – Follow Input 3 – HDCP defined according to the	
	HDCP OFF.		connected output	
	HDCP support changes following			
	detected sink - MIRROR OUTPUT.			
HDCP-OUT	Set HDCP mode.	COMMAND	out_index - Number that indicates	Set the output HDCP mode
	(i) Get HDCP working	<pre>#HDCP-OUT_out_index,mode<cr></cr></pre>	the specific input: 1 – HDBaset OUT	of HDBaseT OUT to follow input:
	mode on the device	FEEDBACK	mode – HDCP mode:	#HDCP-OUT_1,0 <cr></cr>
	input:	~nn@HDCP-OUT_out_index,mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0 – Follow Input	
	HDCP supported – HDCP ON [default].		 HDCP always ON (i.e. output signal is always HDCP-encrypted, regardless of input HDCP) 	
	HDCP not supported - HDCP OFF.		5 1 2 /	
	HDCP support			
	changes following detected sink -			
	MIRROR OUTPUT. Get HDCP mode.	COMMAND	Number that indicates	Get the output
HDCP-OUT?		#HDCP-OUT?_out index <cr></cr>	<pre>out_index - Number that indicates the specific input:</pre>	HDCP-MODE of HDBaseT
	Get HDCP working mode on the device	FEEDBACK	1 – HDBaset OUT mode – HDCP mode:	OUT: #hdcp-out?_1 <cr></cr>
	input:	~nn@HDCP-OUT_out_index,mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0 – Follow Input	#HDCF-001 ?
	HDCP supported – HDCP ON [default].		 HDCP always ON (i.e. output signal is always HDCP-encrypted, 	
	HDCP not supported -		regardless of input HDCP)	
	HDCP OFF.			
	HDCP support changes following			
	detected sink -			
HDCP-STAT?	MIRROR OUTPUT. Get HDCP signal	COMMAND	io mode – Input/Output	Get the HDCP status of the
	status of a connected	<pre>#HDCP-STAT?_io_mode,in_index<cr></cr></pre>	0– Input	source device connected to
	device.	FEEDBACK	1 – Output io index – Number that indicates the	USB-C IN: #HDCP-STAT?_0,1 <cr></cr>
	(i) io_mode =1 – get the HDCP signal	<pre>~nn@HDCP-STAT_io_mode,in_index,status<</pre> CR> <lf></lf>	specific number of inputs or outputs	
	status of the sink		(based on io_mode): 1 – HDBaseT OUT or USB-C IN	
	device connected to the specified output.		2 – HDMI IN	
	io mode =0 – get the		status – Signal encryption status - valid values On/Off:	
	HDCP signal status of		0 – HDCP Off	
	the source device connected to the		1 – HDCP On	
	specified input.			
HELP	Get command list or help for specific	COMMAND #HELP <cr></cr>	cmd_name – Name of a specific command	Get the command list: #HELP <cr></cr>
	command.	#HELP_cmd name <cr></cr>		
		FEEDBACK		To get help for
		1. Multi-line:		AV-SW-TIMEOUT: HELP_av-sw-timeout <c< td=""></c<>
		<pre>~nn@Device_cmd_name,_cmd_name<cr><lf> To get help for command use: HELP (COMMAND_NAME)<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></pre>		R>
		~nn@HELP_cmd name: <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		description <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		USAGE:usage <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
IDV	Set visual indication	COMMAND		#IDV <cr></cr>
	from device.			
	Using this	FEEDBACK ~nn@IDV_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	command, some			
	devices can light a			
	devices can light a sequence of buttons or			
	devices can light a			

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
IR-SND	Send IR command to port.	<pre>COMMAND #TA-SND_ir_index,sn_id,cmd_name,repeat_amount,total_p ackages,package_id,<pre>command><cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@IR-SND_ir_index,sn_id,cmd_name,ir_status<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre></pre>	<pre>ir_index - Number that indicates the specific ir port: 1-N (N= the total number of inputs) * - broadcasts to all ports sn_id - Serial number of command for flow control and response commands from device cmd_name - Command name (length limit 15 chars) repeat_amount - Of times the IR command is transmitted (limited to 50; repeats > 50 are truncated to 50), default = 1 total_packages - Number of messages the original command was divided into, default = 1 package_id - Chunk serial number (only valid when Total_packages >1) pronto_command - Pronto format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) ir_status - IR Status 0 - Sent (no error) 1 - Stop 2 - Done 3 - Busy 4 - Wrong Parameter 5 - Nothing to Stop 6 - Start 7 - Timeout 8 - Error</pre>	Send IR command to port: #IR-SND_1,1,1,1,1,1,1 <cr></cr>
IR-STOP	Send IR stop command to port.	COMMAND #IR-STOP_ir_index,sn_id,cmd_name <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@IR-STOP_ir_index,sn_id,cmd_name,ir_status<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	<pre>ir _index - Number that indicates the specific ir port: 1-N (N= the total number of inputs) * - broadcasts to all ports sn_id - Serial number of command for flow control and response commands from device cmd_name - String: IR command name limited to 15 chars. Controlling device must send the correct name (white space or commas forbidden) ir_status - IR Status 0 - Sent (no error) 1 - Stop 2 - Done 3 - Busy 4 - Wrong Parameter 5 - Nothing to Stop 6 - Start 7 - Timeout 8 - Error</pre>	Send IR stop command to IR Port 2: #IR- STOP_2,1,power <cr></cr>
LABEL	Set input/output label	COMMAND #LABEL_io_mode,io_index,switch,label_txt <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@LABEL_io_mode,io_index,switch,label_txt<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	io	Set the HDMI input label on: #LABEL_0,2,0,hdmi <cr></cr>
LABEL?	Get input/output label	<pre>COMMAND #LABEL?_io_mode,io_index,switch,label_txt<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@LABEL_io_mode,io_index,switch,label_txt<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>io_mode - Number that indicates the specific input: 0 - Input 1 - Output io_index - Number that indicates the specific input: For inputs - 1 - USB-C IN 1 2 - HDMI IN 2 3 - HDMI IN 3 For output 1 - HDMI output switch - 0 label_txt - Custom label string between 1 and 32 (at least one character and not bigger than 32). label string</pre>	Get the HDMI input label: #LABEL?_0,2,0,hdmi <cr ></cr
LOCK-EDID	Lock last read EDID.	<pre>COMMAND #LOCK-EDID_in_index,lock_mode<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@LOCK-EDID_in_index,lock_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	in_index - Number that indicates the specific input: 1 - USB-C IN 2 - HDMI IN lock_mode - On/Off 0 - Off unlocks EDID 1 - On locks EDID	Lock the last read EDID from input 2: #LOCK-EDID_2,1 <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
LOCK-EDID?	Get EDID Lock status.	COMMAND #LOCK-EDID?_in_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@LOCK-EDID_in_index,lock_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	in_index - Number that indicates the specific input: 1 - USB-C IN 2 - HDMI IN lock_mode - On/Off 0 - Off unlocks EDID 1 - On locks EDID	Get input 2 Lock EDID status: #LOCK-EDID?_2 <cr></cr>
LOG-TAIL?	Get the list of the N last events.	COMMAND #LOG-TAIL?_last_event <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@LOG-TAIL_last_event,ok,<list><cr><lf></lf></cr></list></cr>	last_event - the number of last events to view <n 1,2,3="" ==""></n>	Get the protocol permission level to Admin: #LOG-TAIL?_8 <cr></cr>
LOGIN	Set protocol permission. The permission system works only if security is enabled with the "SECUR" command. LOGIN allows the user to run commands with an End User or Administrator permission level. When the permission system is enabled, LOGIN enables running commands with the User or Administrator permission level When set, login must be performed upon each connection It is not mandatory to enable the permission system in order to use the device In each device, some connections allow logging in to different levels. Some do not work with security at all.	COMMAND #LOGIN_login_level,password <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@LOGIN_login_level,password_ok<cr><lf> or ~nn@LOGIN_err_004<cr><lf> (if bad password entered)</lf></cr></lf></cr></cr>	login_level - Level of permissions required (User or Admin) password – Predefined password (by PASS command). Default password is an empty string	Set the protocol permission level to Admin (when the password defined in the PASS command is 33333): #LOGIN_admin, 33333 <cr< td=""></cr<>
LOGIN?	logout after timeout. Get protocol permission state. The permission system works only if security is enabled with the "SECUR" command. LOGIN allows the user to run commands with an End User or Administrator permission level. When the permission system is enabled, LOGIN enables running commands with the User or Administrator permission level When set, login must be performed upon each connection It is not mandatory to enable the permission system in order to use the device In each device, some connections allow logging in to different levels. Some do not work with security at all. Connection may	<pre>COMMAND #LOGIN_login_level <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@LOGIN_login_level,password_ok<cr><lf> or</lf></cr></cr></pre>	login_level - Level of permissions required (User or Admin) password - Predefined password (by PASS command). Default password is an empty string or NO SECURE if authentication is removed.	Get the protocol permission level to Admin: #LOGIN?_admin <cr></cr>
LOGOUT	logout after timeout. Cancel current permission level. (i) Logs out from End User or Administrator permission levels to Not Searce	COMMAND #LOGOUT <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@LOGOUT_0k<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>		#LOGOUT <cr></cr>
MODEL?	Not Secure. Get device model.	COMMAND #MODEL?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@MODEL_model_name<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	model_name – String of up to 19 printable ASCII chars	Get the device model: #MODEL?_ <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
NAME	Set machine (DNS)	COMMAND	machine name – String of up to 15	Set the DNS name of the
	name.	#NAME_machine_name <cr></cr>	alpha-numeric chars (can include	device to room-442:
	(i) The machine name	FEEDBACK	hyphen, not at the beginning or end)	#NAME_room-442 <cr></cr>
	is not the same as the	~nn@NAME_machine_name <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	model name. The			
	machine name is used to identify a specific			
	machine or a network			
	in use (with DNS			
NAME?	feature on). Get machine (DNS)	COMMAND	machine name – String of up to 15	Get the DNS name of the
NAME ?	name.	#NAME?_ <cr></cr>	alpha-numeric chars (can include	device:
	(i) The machine name	FEEDBACK	hyphen, not at the beginning or end)	#NAME?_ <cr></cr>
	is not the same as the	~nn@NAME_machine name <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	model name. The			
	machine name is used to identify a specific			
	machine or a network			
	in use (with DNS			
	feature on).	COMMAND		Deast the machine name
NAME-RST	Reset machine (DNS) name to factory	COMMAND #NAME-RST <cr></cr>		Reset the machine name (S/N last digits are 0102):
	default.	FEEDBACK		#NAME-
	(i) Factory default of	~nn@NAME-RST_0k <cr><lf></lf></cr>		RST_kramer_0102 <cr></cr>
	machine (DNS) name			
	is "KRAMER " + 4 last			
	digits of device serial number.			
NET-CONFIG	Set a network	COMMAND	netw id-0	Set the device network
	configuration.	<pre>#NET-CONFIG_netw_id,net_ip,net_mask,gateway,[dns1],[d</pre>	net_ip - Network IP	parameters to IP address
	Parameters	ns2] <cr></cr>	net_mask - Network mask	192.168.113.10, net mask 255.255.0.0, and gateway
	DNS1] and	FEEDBACK	gateway - Network gateway	192.168.0.1:
	[DNS2] are optional.	~nn@NET-CONFIG_netw_id,net_ip,net_mask,gateway <cr><lf< td=""><td></td><td>#NET-CONFIG_0,192.168</td></lf<></cr>		#NET-CONFIG_0 ,192.168
		>		.113.10,255.255.0.0,1
	(i) For Backward			92.168.0.1 <cr></cr>
	compatibility, the id parameter can be			
	omitted. In this case,			
	the Network ID, by			
	default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control			
	port.			
	If the gateway address is not			
	compliant to the			
	subnet mask used for			
	the host IP, the command will return			
	an error. Subnet and			
	gateway compliancy			
NET-CONFIG?	specified by RFC950. Get a network	COMMAND	netw id-0	Get the device network
NEI-CONFIG:	configuration.	<pre>#NET-CONFIG_netw id,net ip,net mask,gateway,[dns1],[d</pre>	net ip – Network IP	parameters:
		ns2] <cr></cr>	net_mask - Network mask	#NET-CONFIG?_0 <cr></cr>
	Parameters [DNS1] and	FEEDBACK	gateway - Network gateway	
	[DNS2] are optional.	~nn@NET-CONFIG_netw_id,net_ip,net_mask,gateway <cr><lf< td=""><td></td><td></td></lf<></cr>		
		>		
	(i) For Backward			
	compatibility, the id parameter can be			
	omitted. In this case,			
	the Network ID, by			
	default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control			
	port.			
	If the gateway address is not			
	compliant to the			
	subnet mask used for			
	the host IP, the			
	command will return		1	
	command will return an error. Subnet and			
	an error. Subnet and gateway compliancy			
	an error. Subnet and gateway compliancy specified by RFC950.		Lastra ind. Notwork ID the device	
NET-DHCP?	an error. Subnet and gateway compliancy specified by RFC950. Get DHCP mode.	COMMAND #NET-DECP2 netw id <ce></ce>	netw_id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more	Get DHCP mode for port 1:
NET-DHCP?	an error. Subnet and gateway compliancy specified by RFC950. Get DHCP mode.	#NET-DHCP?_netw_id <cr></cr>	network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based,	Get DHCP mode for port 1: #NET-DHCP?_1 <cr></cr>
NET-DHCP?	an error. Subnet and gateway compliancy specified by RFC950. Get DHCP mode. (i) For Backward compatibility, the id	#NET-DHCP?_netw_id <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0',	
NET-DHCP?	an error. Subnet and gateway compliancy specified by RFC950. Get DHCP mode. (i) For Backward compatibility, the id parameter can be	#NET-DHCP?_netw_id <cr></cr>	network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3	
NET-DHCP?	an error. Subnet and gateway compliancy specified by RFC950. Get DHCP mode. (1) For Backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case,	#NET-DHCP?_netw_id <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0',	
NET-DHCP?	an error. Subnet and gateway compliancy specified by RFC950. Get DHCP mode.	#NET-DHCP?_netw_id <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 dhcp_state - 0 - Do not use DHCP. Use the IP set by the factory or using the net-	
NET-DHCP?	an error. Subnet and gateway compliancy specified by RFC950. Get DHCP mode.	#NET-DHCP?_netw_id <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 dhcp_state - 0 - Do not use DHCP. Use the IP set by the factory or using the net- ip or net-config command.	
NET-DHCP?	an error. Subnet and gateway compliancy specified by RFC950. Get DHCP mode.	#NET-DHCP?_netw_id <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 dhcp_state - 0 - Do not use DHCP. Use the IP set by the factory or using the net- ip or net-config command. 1 - Try to use DHCP. If unavailable,	
NET-DHCP?	an error. Subnet and gateway compliancy specified by RFC950. Get DHCP mode.	#NET-DHCP?_netw_id <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 dhcp_state - 0 - Do not use DHCP. Use the IP set by the factory or using the net- ip or net-config command.	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
NET-GATE	Set gateway IP.	COMMAND	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx	Set the gateway IP address
	(i) A network gateway	#NET-GATE_ip_address <cr></cr>	_	to 192.168.0.1:
	connects the device	FEEDBACK		#NET- GATE_192.168.000.001<
	via another network	~nn@NET-GATE_ip_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		CR>
	and maybe over the			
	Internet. Be careful of security issues. For			
	proper settings consult			
	your network			
	administrator. Get gateway IP.	COMMAND	ip address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Get the gateway IP address:
NET-GATE?	A network gateway	#NET-GATE?_ <cr></cr>	ip_address = romat. AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	#NET-GATE?_ <cr></cr>
	connects the device	FEEDBACK		-
	via another network and maybe over the	~nn@NET-GATE_ip address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	Internet. Be aware of			
	security problems.			
NET-IP	Set IP address.	COMMAND	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Set the IP address to 192.168.1.39:
	(i) For proper settings	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr></cr></pre>		#NET-
	consult your network	FEEDBACK		IP_192.168.001.039 <cr< td=""></cr<>
	administrator.	~nn@NET-IP_ip_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		>
NET-IP?	Get IP address.	COMMAND	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx	Get the IP address:
		#NET-IP?_ <cr></cr>	_	#NET-IP?_ <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK		
		~nn@NET-IP_ip_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
NET-MAC?	Get MAC address.	COMMAND	id - Network ID-the device network	#NET-MAC?_id <cr></cr>
		#NET-MAC?_id <cr></cr>	interface (if there are more than one).	
	For backward	FEEDBACK	Counting is 0 based, meaning the	
	compatibility, the id parameter can be	~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>	control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3	
	omitted. In this case,		mac_address - Unique MAC address.	
	the Network ID, by		Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX where X	
	default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control		is hex digit	
	port.			
NET-MASK	Set subnet mask.	COMMAND	<pre>net_mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx</pre>	Set the subnet mask to
	(i) For proper settings	#NET-MASK_net_mask <cr></cr>		255.255.0.0: #NET-
	consult your network	FEEDBACK		#NET- MASK_255.255.000.000<
	administrator.	~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask <cr><lf></lf></cr>		CR>
NET-MASK?	Get subnet mask.	COMMAND	net mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx	Get the subnet mask:
		#NET-MASK?_ <cr></cr>	-	#NET-MASK? <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK		
		~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
PASS	Set password for login	COMMAND	login level – Level of login to set	Set the password for the
	level.	<pre>#PASS_login_level,password<cr></cr></pre>	(End User or Administrator).	Admin protocol permission
	(i) The default	FEEDBACK	password – Password for the login_level. Up to 15 printable ASCII	level to 33333:
	password is an empty	~nn@PASS_login_level,password <cr><lf></lf></cr>	chars	<pre>#PASS_admin,33333<</pre>
	string.			
PASS?	Get password for login	COMMAND	login level – Level of login to set	Get the password for the
	level.	#PASS_ login_level <cr></cr>	(End User or Administrator).	Admin protocol permission:
	(i) The default	FEEDBACK	password – Password for the	<pre>#PASS?_admin<cr></cr></pre>
	password is an empty string.	~nn@PASS_login_level,password <cr><lf></lf></cr>	login_level. Up to 15 printable ASCII chars	
PORTS-LIST?	Get the port list of this	COMMAND	The following attributes comprise the	Get the ports list:
10110 1101.	machine.	#PORTS-LIST?_ <cr></cr>	port ID:	#PORTS-LIST?_ <cr></cr>
	(i) The response is	FEEDBACK	<pre>direction_type> - Direction of</pre>	
	returned in one line	<pre>~nn@PORTS-LIST [<direction type="">.<port format="">.</port></direction></pre>	the port: ○ IN	
	and terminated	<port_index>,,]<cr><lf></lf></cr></port_index>	• OUT	
	with <cr><lf>.</lf></cr>		<pre> • <port format=""> - Type of signal </port></pre>	
	The response format		on the port:	
	lists port IDs		o HDMI	
	separated by commas.		○ USB_C	
	This is an Extended		<pre>• <port_index> - The port number</port_index></pre>	
	Protocol 3000		as printed on the front or rear panel	
DDO_DOMTON	command. Add new user	COMMAND		Add a new user command:
PRG-ACTION	command.	#PRG-ACTION_commandNum,type,name,command <cr></cr>	commandNum – Command number 0 to 4	Add a new user command: #PRG-
	_		type – External programmable button	ACTION_1,3,1,0 <cr></cr>
	Programs matrix action as a response	FEEDBACK ~nn@PRG-ACTION_commandNum,type,name,command <cr><lf></lf></cr>	cec	
	for external event		name – Bitmap representing	
	(programmable button		command – External programmable	
	pressed).		button ID	
PRG-ACTION?	Add new user	COMMAND	commandNum – Command number	Add a new user command:
ING ACTION?	command.	#PRG-ACTION?_commandNum <cr></cr>	0 – Input	#PRG-
		FEEDBACK	1 – Output	ACTION?_0,3,1,0 <cr></cr>
	Programs matrix		External programmable butter	
	action as a response	<pre>~nn@PRG-ACTION_commandNum, type, name, command</pre> <pre>CCR><lf></lf></pre>	type – External programmable button	
	action as a response for external event		type – External programmable button ID name – Bitmap representing	
	action as a response		ID	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
PRG-BTN- ACTION	Set program button mode	COMMAND #PROG-BIN- MOD_btnNum,mode,actionOn,actionOff,btnBehavior <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@PROG-BIN- MOD_btnNum,mode,actionOn,actionOff,btnBehavior<cr><lf ></lf </cr></cr>	btnNum – Button number 0 to 4 1 and 2 are enabled when remote button is (mode) On 1 – IO 1 button 2 – IO 2 button 3 – Display On button mode – Remote button state 0 – Off 1 – On actionOn – 100 – None 101 – Switch Input 102 – Display Of (via CEC) 103 – Display Of (via CEC) 104 – Mute 105 – Unmute 106 – Volume ++ 107 – Volume 0 – Command_01 1 – Command_02 2 – Command_03 3 – Command_04 4 – Custom 5 actionOff – Button_mode 100 – None 101 – Switch Input 102 – Display Of (via CEC) 103 – Display Of (via CEC) 103 – Display Off (via CEC) 104 – Mute 105 – Unmute 106 – Volume ++ 107 – Volume 0 – Command_01 1 – Command_02 2 – Command_03 3 – Command_03 3 – Command_03 3 – Command_03 3 – C	Set the DISPLAY ON button to mute/unmute with the press of a button: #PROG-BTN- MOD_3,1,104,105,0 <cr></cr>
PROG-ETN- MOD?	Get programmable buttons mode	COMMAND #PROG-BTN-MOD.CR> FEEDBACK ~nn@PROG-BTN-MOD_button_mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 - Momentary mode enabled bt.htum - Button number 0 to 4 1 and 2 are enabled when remote button is (mode) On 1 - IO 1 button 2 - IO 2 button 3 - Display On button mode - Remote button state 0 - Off 1 - On actionOn - 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume 0 - Command_01 1 - Command_02 2 - Command_04 4 - Custom 5 actionOff - Button_mode 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume 0 - Command_04 102 - Display Off (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume 0 - Command_01 1 - Command_02 2 - Command_03 3 - Command_04 4 - Custom 5 btnBehavior - Button_mode 0 - Momentary mode disabled	Get the mode of button 3: #PROG-BTN-MOD?_3 <cr></cr>
PRIORITY	Set input priority.	COMMAND #PRIORITY_layer_type,priority_1,priority_2,priority_3 <cr> FEEDBACK ~nm@PRIORITY_layer_type,priority_1,priority_2,priorit y_3<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	1 – Momentary mode enabled layer_type - Layer Enumeration 1 – Video priority – Priority of inputs (1-2) 1 – USB-C 1 2 – HDMI 2 3 – HDMI 3	Set the priority to first HDMI 2, USB-C 1 second and HDMI 3 third: #PRIORITY_1,2,1,3 <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
PRIORITY?	Set input priority.		layer type – Layer Enumeration	Get the input priority:
		<pre>#PRIORITY?_layer_type<cr></cr></pre>	1 – Video	#PRIORITY?_1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	priority – Priority of inputs (1-2) 1–USB-C 1	
		<pre>~nn@PRIORITY_layer_type,priority_1,priority_2,priorit y_3<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	2 – HDMI 2 3 – HDMI 3	
PROT-VER?	Get device protocol	COMMAND	version – XX.XX where X is a	Get the device protocol
	version.	#PROT-VER?_ <cr></cr>	decimal digit	version: #PROT-VER?_ <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK		#PROI-VER ?
	Reset device.	~nn@PROT-VER_3000:version <cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr>		Reset the device:
RESET		#RESET <cr></cr>		Reset the device: #RESET <cr></cr>
	To avoid locking the port due to a USB	FEEDBACK		
	bug in Windows, disconnect USB connections immediately after	~nn@RESET_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	running this command. If the port was locked, disconnect, and reconnect the cable to reopen the port.			
ROUTE	Set layer routing.	COMMAND	layer_type Layer Enumeration	Route video input 2 to the
	(i) This command	<pre>#ROUTE_layer_type,out_index,in_index<cr></cr></pre>	1 – Video 5 – USB	output: #ROUTE_1,1,2 <cr></cr>
	replaces all other	FEEDBACK	out_index	
	routing commands.	<pre>~nn@ROUTE_layer_type,out_index,in_index<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	1– Output	
			in_index - Source id for Video:	
			1 – USB-C 1	
			2 – HDMI IN 2 3 – HDMI IN 3	
ROUTE?	Get layer routing state.	COMMAND	layer type Layer Enumeration	Get video routing output:
	(i) This command	<pre>#ROUTE?_layer_type,out_index<cr></cr></pre>	1 – Video	#ROUTE?_1,1 <cr></cr>
	replaces all other	FEEDBACK	5-USB out index	
	routing commands.	<pre>~nn@ROUTE_layer_type,out_index,in_index <cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	1 – Output	
			in_index - Source id for Video:	
			1 – USB-C 1	
			2 – HDMI IN 2	
	Start/stop security.	COMMAND	3 – HDMI IN 3 security state – Security state	Enable the permission
SECUR		#SECUR_security state <cr></cr>	0 – OFF (disables security)	system:
	The permission system works only if	FEEDBACK	1 – ON (enables security)	#SECUR_1 <cr></cr>
system works only if security is enabled with the "SECUR" command.		~nn@SECUR_security_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
SECUR?	Get security state.	COMMAND	security_state - Security state	Enable the permission
	(i) The permission	#SECUR?_security_state <cr></cr>	0 – OFF (disables security) 1 – ON (enables security)	system: #SECUR?_ <cr></cr>
	system works only if	FEEDBACK ~nn@SECUR_security state <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	security is enabled with the "SECUR" command.			
SIGNAL?	Get input signal status.	COMMAND #SIGNAL?_in index <cr></cr>	<pre>in_index - Number that indicates the specific input:</pre>	Get the input signal lock status of IN 1:
		FEEDBACK	1 – USB-C IN 1	#SIGNAL?_1 <cr></cr>
		~nn@SIGNAL_in_index,status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	2 – HDMI IN 2	
			3 – HDMI IN 3 status – Signal status according to	
			signal validation:	
			0 – Off 1 – On	
SN?	Get device serial	COMMAND	serial num – 14 decimal digits,	Get the device serial
	number.	#SN?_ <cr></cr>	factory assigned	number:
		FEEDBACK		#SN? <mark>_<cr></cr></mark>
		~nn@SN_serial_num <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
TIME	Set device time and date.		<pre>day_of_week - One of {SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT}</pre>	Set device time and date to December 5, 2020 at
		<pre>#TIME_day_of_week,date,data<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></pre>	date – Format: DD-MM-YYYY.	2:30pm:
	The year must be 4 digits.	<pre>recoddack ~nn@TIME_day of week,date,data<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	data - Format: hh:mm:ss where	<pre>#TIME_mon_05-12- 2020,14:30:00<cr></cr></pre>
	°,		hh = hours mm = minutes	2020,14:30:00<0K>
	The device does not validate the day of week from the date.		ss = seconds	
	Time format - 24 hours.			
	Date format - Day, Month, Year.			

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
TIME?	Get device time and	COMMAND	day of week - One of	Get device time and date:
	date.	#TIME?_ <cr></cr>	{SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT}	#TIME? <cr></cr>
	(i) The year must be 4	FEEDBACK	date – Format: YYYY/MM/DD where YYYY = Year	
	digits.	~nn@TIME_day_of_week,date,data <cr><lf></lf></cr>	MM = Month	
	The device does not		DD = Day	
	validate the day of		data – Format: hh:mm:ss where hh = hours	
	week from the date.		mm = minutes	
	Time format - 24		ss = seconds	
	hours.			
	Date format - Day,			
TIME-LOC	Month, Year. Set local time offset	COMMAND	utc off - Offset of device time from	Set local time offset to 3
	from UTC/GMT.	<pre>#TIME-LOC_utc_off,dst_state<cr></cr></pre>	UTC/GMT (without daylight time	with no daylight-saving time:
	(i) If the time server is	FEEDBACK	correction) dst_state - Daylight saving time	<pre>#TIME-LOC_3,0<cr></cr></pre>
	configured, device	~nn@TIME-LOC_utc_off,dst_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	state - Daylight saving time	
	time calculates by adding UTC off to		0 – no daylight saving time	
	UTC time (that it got		1 – daylight saving time	
	from the time server) +			
	1 hour if daylight savings time is in			
	effect.			
	TIME command sets			
	the device time without			
	considering these settings.			
TIME-LOC?	Get local time offset	COMMAND	utc_off - Offset of device time from	Get local time offset from
	from UTC/GMT.	#TIME-LOC?_ <cr></cr>	UTC/GMT (without daylight time	
	(i) If the time server is	FEEDBACK	correction) dst_state - Daylight saving time	#TIME-LOC? <cr></cr>
	configured, device	~nn@TIME-LOC_utc_off,dst_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	state	
	time calculates by adding UTC off to		0 – no daylight saving time	
	UTC time (that it got		1 – daylight saving time	
	from the time server) + 1 hour if daylight			
	savings time is in			
	effect.			
	TIME command sets			
	the device time without			
	considering these settings.			
TIME-SRV	Set time server.	COMMAND	mode – On/Off	Set time server with IP
	(i) This command is	<pre>#TIME-SRV_mode,time_server_ip,sync_hour<cr></cr></pre>	0-Off	address of 128.138.140.44 to ON:
	needed for setting	FEEDBACK	1 - On time server ip - Time server IP	#TIME-
	UDP timeout for the current client list.	<pre>~nn@TIME-SRV_mode,time_server_ip,sync_hour,server_sta tus<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	address	SRV_1,128.138.140.44,
	current chent list.		sync_hour – Hour in day for time	0,1 <cr></cr>
			server sync server status - On/Off	
TIME-SRV?	Get time server.	COMMAND	mode - On/Off	Get time server:
	(i) This command is	#TIME-SRV?_ <cr></cr>	0 – Off	#TIME-SRV? <cr></cr>
	needed for setting	FEEDBACK	1-On time_server_ip - Time server IP	
	UDP timeout for the current client list.	<pre>~nn@TIME-SRV_mode,time_server_ip,sync_hour,server_sta tus<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	address	
	current client list.		sync_hour – Hour in day for time	
			server sync server status - On/Off	
UART	Set com port	COMMAND	com_id - 1 to n (machine dependent)	Set baud rate to 9600, 8
	configuration.	#UART_ com_id, baud_rate, data_bits, parity, stop_bits_mod	baud_rate - 9600 - 115200	data bits, parity to none and
	(i) In the FC-2x the	e,serial_type,485_term <cr></cr>	data_bits - 5-8 parity - Parity Type	stop bit to 1: #UART_9600,8, node, 1<0
	serial port is selectable	FEEDBACK ~nn@UART_com id,baud rate,data bits,parity,stop bits	0-No	R>
	to RS-232 or RS-485 (usually serial port 1).	<pre>~nngOART_com_id,baud_rate,data_bits,parity,stop_bits_ mode,serial_type,485_term<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	1 – Odd	
			2 – Even 3 – Mark	
	If Serial is configured when RS-485 is		3 – Mark 4 – Space	
	selected, the RS-485		stop_bits_mode - 1/1.5/2	
	UART port automatically changes.		serial_type - 232/485	
			0 – 232 1 – 485	
	The command is		1 – 485 485 term – 485 termination state	
	backward compatible, meaning that if the		0 – disable	
	extra parameters do		1 – enable	
	not exist, FW goes to.		<pre>(optional - this exists only when serial_type is 485)</pre>	
	RS-232.			
	RS-232. Stop_bits 1.5 is only relevant for 5 data bits.			

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
UART?	Get com port configuration. The commad is backward compatible, meaning that if the extra parameters do not exist, FW goes to. RS-232. Stop_bits 1.5 is only relevant for 5 data_bits.	<pre>COMMAND #UART?_com_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@UART_com_id,baud_rate,data_bits,parity,stop_bits_ mode,serial_type,485_term<cr><tf></tf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>com_id - 1 to n (machine dependent) baud_rate - 9600 - 115200 data_bits - 5-8 parity - Parity Type 0 - No 1 - Odd 2 - Even 3 - Mark 4 - Space stop_bits_mode - 1/1.5/2 serial_type - 232/485 0 - 232 1 - 485 485_term - 485 termination state 0 - disable 1 - enable (optional - this exists only when serial type is 485)</pre>	Set baud rate to 9600, 8 data bits, parity to none and stop bit to 1: #UART_1,9600,8,node,1 <cr></cr>
VERSION?	Get firmware version number.	COMMAND #VERSION?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@VERSION_firmware_version<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	firmware version – XX.XX.XXXX where the digit groups are: major.minor.build version	Get the device firmware version number: #VERSION?_ <cr></cr>
VMUTE	Set enable/disable video on output. (i) Video mute parameter 2 (blank picture) is not supported.	<pre>COMMAND #VMUTE_out_index,flag<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@VMUTE_out_index,flag<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	out_index - Number that indicates the specific output - 1 flag - Video Mute 0 - Video enabled 1 - Video disabled 2 - Blank picture	Disable the video output on output: #VMUTE_1,0 <cr></cr>
VMUTE?	Get video on output status. (i) Video mute parameter 2 (blank picture) is not supported.	COMMAND #VMUTE?_out_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@VMUTE_out_index,flag<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	out_index - Number that indicates the specific output - 1 flag - Video Mute 0 - Video enabled 1 - Video disabled 2 - Blank picture	Get video on output status: #VMUTE?_1 <cr></cr>

Result and Error Codes

Syntax

In case of an error, the device responds with an error message. The error message syntax:

- ~NN@ERR XXX<CR><LF> when general error, no specific command
- ~NN@CMD ERR XXX<CR><LF> for specific command
- NN machine number of device, default = 01
- XXX error code

Error Codes

Error Name	Error Code	Description
P3K_NO_ERROR	0	No error
ERR_PROTOCOL_SYNTAX	1	Protocol syntax
ERR_COMMAND_NOT_AVAILABLE	2	Command not available
ERR_PARAMETER_OUT_OF_RANGE	3	Parameter out of range
ERR_UNAUTHORIZED_ACCESS	4	Unauthorized access
ERR_INTERNAL_FW_ERROR	5	Internal FW error
ERR_BUSY	6	Protocol busy
ERR_WRONG_CRC	7	Wrong CRC
ERR_TIMEDOUT	8	Timeout
ERR_RESERVED	9	(Reserved)
ERR_FW_NOT_ENOUGH_SPACE	10	Not enough space for data (firmware, FPGA)
ERR_FS_NOT_ENOUGH_SPACE	11	Not enough space – file system
ERR_FS_FILE_NOT_EXISTS	12	File does not exist
ERR_FS_FILE_CANT_CREATED	13	File can't be created
ERR_FS_FILE_CANT_OPEN	14	File can't open
ERR_FEATURE_NOT_SUPPORTED	15	Feature is not supported
ERR_RESERVED_2	16	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_3	17	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_4	18	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_5	19	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_6	20	(Reserved)
ERR_PACKET_CRC	21	Packet CRC error
ERR_PACKET_MISSED	22	Packet number isn't expected (missing packet)
ERR_PACKET_SIZE	23	Packet size is wrong
ERR_RESERVED_7	24	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_8	25	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_9	26	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_10	27	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_11	28	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_12	29	(Reserved)
ERR_EDID_CORRUPTED	30	EDID corrupted
ERR_NON_LISTED	31	Device specific errors
ERR_SAME_CRC	32	File has the same CRC – not changed
ERR_WRONG_MODE	33	Wrong operation mode
ERR_NOT_CONFIGURED	34	Device/chip was not initialized

The warranty obligations of Kramer Electronics Inc. ("Kramer Electronics") for this product are limited to the terms set forth below:

What is Covered

This limited warranty covers defects in materials and workmanship in this product.

What is Not Covered

This limited warranty does not cover any damage, deterioration or malfunction resulting from any alteration, modification, improper or unreasonable use or maintenance, misuse, abuse, accident, neglect, exposure to excess moisture, fire, improper packing and shipping (such claims must be presented to the carrier), lightning, power surges, or other acts of nature. This limited warranty does not cover any damage, deterioration or malfunction resulting from the installation or removal of this product from any installation, any unauthorized tampering with this product, any repairs attempted by anyone unauthorized by Kramer Electronics to make such repairs, or any other cause which does not relate directly to a defect in materials and/or workmanship of this product. This limited warranty does not cover cartons, equipment enclosures, cables or accessories used in conjunction with this product.

Without limiting any other exclusion herein, Kramer Electronics does not warrant that the product covered hereby, including, without limitation, the technology and/or integrated circuit(s) included in the product, will not become obsolete or that such items are or will remain compatible with any other product or technology with which the product may be used.

How Long this Coverage Lasts

The standard limited warranty for Kramer products is seven (7) years from the date of original purchase, with the following exceptions:

- 1. All Kramer VIA hardware products are covered by a standard three (3) year warranty for the VIA hardware and a standard three (3) year warranty for firmware and software updates; all Kramer VIA accessories, adapters, tags, and dongles are covered by a standard one (1) year warranty.
- Kramer fiber optic cables, adapter-size fiber optic extenders, pluggable optical modules, active cables, cable retractors, ring mounted adapters, portable power chargers, Kramer speakers, and Kramer touch panels are covered by a standard one (1) year warranty. Kramer 7-inch touch panels purchased on or after April 1st, 2020 are covered by a standard two (2) year warranty.
- 3. All Kramer Calibre products, all Kramer Minicom digital signage products, all HighSecLabs products, all streaming, and all wireless products are covered by a standard three (3) year warranty.
- 4. All Sierra Video MultiViewers are covered by a standard five (5) year warranty.
- 5. Sierra switchers & control panels are covered by a standard seven (7) year warranty (excluding power supplies and fans that are covered for three (3) years).
- 6. K-Touch software is covered by a standard one (1) year warranty for software updates.
- 7. All Kramer passive cables are covered by a lifetime warranty.

Who is Covered

Only the original purchaser of this product is covered under this limited warranty. This limited warranty is not transferable to subsequent purchasers or owners of this product.

What Kramer Electronics Will Do

Kramer Electronics will, at its sole option, provide one of the following three remedies to whatever extent it shall deem necessary to satisfy a proper claim under this limited warranty:

- 1. Elect to repair or facilitate the repair of any defective parts within a reasonable period of time, free of any charge for the necessary parts and labor to complete the repair and restore this product to its proper operating condition. Kramer Electronics will also pay the shipping costs necessary to return this product once the repair is complete.
- Replace this product with a direct replacement or with a similar product deemed by Kramer Electronics to perform substantially the same function as the original product. If a direct or similar replacement product is supplied, the original product's end warranty date remains unchanged and is transferred to the replacement product.
- 3. Issue a refund of the original purchase price less depreciation to be determined based on the age of the product at the time remedy is sought under this limited warranty.

What Kramer Electronics Will Not Do Under This Limited Warranty

If this product is returned to Kramer Electronics or the authorized dealer from which it was purchased or any other party authorized to repair Kramer Electronics products, this product must be insured during shipment, with the insurance and shipping charges prepaid by you. If this product is returned uninsured, you assume all risks of loss or damage during shipment. Kramer Electronics will not be responsible for any costs related to the removal or re-installation of this product from or into any installation. Kramer Electronics will not be responsible for any setting up this product, any adjustment of user controls or any programming required for a specific installation of this product.

How to Obtain a Remedy Under This Limited Warranty

To obtain a remedy under this limited warranty, you must contact either the authorized Kramer Electronics reseller from whom you purchased this product or the Kramer Electronics office nearest you. For a list of authorized Kramer Electronics resellers and/or Kramer Electronics authorized service providers, visit our web site at www.kramerav.com or contact the Kramer Electronics office nearest you.

In order to pursue any remedy under this limited warranty, you must possess an original, dated receipt as proof of purchase from an authorized Kramer Electronics reseller. If this product is returned under this limited warranty, a return authorization number, obtained from Kramer Electronics, will be required (RMA number). You may also be directed to an authorized reseller or a person authorized by Kramer Electronics to repair the product.

If it is decided that this product should be returned directly to Kramer Electronics, this product should be properly packed, preferably in the original carton, for shipping. Cartons not bearing a return authorization number will be refused.

Limitation of Liability

THE MAXIMUM LIABILITY OF KRAMER ELECTRONICS UNDER THIS LIMITED WARRANTY SHALL NOT EXCEED THE ACTUAL PURCHASE PRICE PAID FOR THE PRODUCT. TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, KRAMER ELECTRONICS IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR DIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ANY BRACH OF WARRANTY OR CONDITION, OR UNDER ANY OTHER LEGAL THEORY. Some countries, districts or states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of relief, special, incidental, consequential or indirect damages, or the limitation of liability to specified amounts, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you.

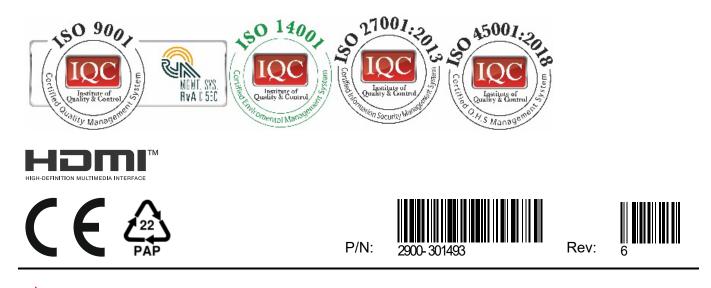
Exclusive Remedy

TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, THIS LIMITED WARRANTY AND THE REMEDIES SET FORTH ABOVE ARE EXCLUSIVE AND IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, REMEDIES AND CONDITIONS, WHETHER ORAL OR WRITTEN, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED. TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, KRAMER ELECTRONICS SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IF KRAMER ELECTRONICS CANNOT LAWFULLY DISCLAIM OR EXCLUDE IMPLIED WARRANTIES UNDER APPLICABLE LAW, THEN ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES COVERING THIS PRODUCT, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, SHALL APPLY TO THIS PRODUCT AS PROVIDED UNDER APPLICABLE LAW. IF ANY PRODUCT TO WHICH THIS LIMITED WARRANTY APPLIES IS A "CONSUMER PRODUCT" UNDER THE MAGNUSON-MOSS WARRANTY ACT (15 U.S.C.A. §2301, ET SEQ.) OR OTHER APPLICABLE LAW, THE FOREGOING DISCLAIMER OF IMPLIED WARRANTIES SHALL NOT APPLY TO YOU, AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES ON THIS PRODUCT, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR THE PARTICULAR PURPOSE, SHALL APPLY AS PROVIDED WARRANTIES SHALL NOT APPLY TO YOU, AND

Other Conditions

This limited warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may have other rights which vary from country to country or state to state. This limited warranty is void if (i) the label bearing the serial number of this product has been removed or defaced, (ii) the product is not distributed by Kramer Electronics or (iii) this product is not purchased from an authorized Kramer Electronics reseller. If you are unsure whether a reseller is an authorized Kramer Electronics reseller, visit our web site at www.kramerav.com or contact a Kramer Electronics office from the list at the end of this document. Your rights under this limited warranty are not diminished if you do not complete and return the product registration form or complete and submit the online product registration form. Kramer Electronics thanks you for purchasing a Kramer Electronics product. We hope it will give you years of satisfaction.





SAFETY WARNING Disconnect the unit from the power supply before opening and servicing

For the latest information on our products and a list of Kramer distributors, visit our website where updates to this user manual may be found.

We welcome your questions, comments, and feedback.

The terms HDMI, HDMI High-Definition Multimedia Interface, and the HDMI Logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of HDMI Licensing Administrator, Inc. All brand names, product names, and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.